# Results of Proficiency Test Ethanol (Fuel/ Bio-grade) December 2018

Organised by: Institute for Interlaboratory Studies

Spijkenisse, the Netherlands

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### **CONTENTS**

1	INTRODUCTION	3
2	SET UP	3
2.1	ACCREDITATION	3
2.2	PROTOCOL	3
2.3	CONFIDENTIALITY STATEMENT	3
2.4	SAMPLES	4
2.5	STABILITY OF THE SAMPLES	5
2.6	ANALYSES	5
3	RESULTS	6
3.1	STATISTICS	6
3.2	GRAPHICS	7
3.3	Z-SCORES	7
4	EVALUATION	8
4.1	EVALUATION PER SAMPLE AND PER TEST	8
4.2	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FOR THE GROUP OF LABORATORIES	11
4.3	COMPARISON OF THE PROFICIENCY TEST OF DECEMBER 2018 WITH PREVIOUS PTS	12

# Appendices:

1.	Data and statistical results	14
2.	Number of participants in alphabetical country order	54
3	Abbreviations and literature	55

### 1 Introduction

Since 1995, the Institute for Interlaboratory Studies (iis) organizes a proficiency test (PT) for Ethanol (Fuel/ Bio-grade) in accordance with the latest applicable version of the specifications EN15376 and ASTM D4806 every year.

In this interlaboratory study 54 laboratories from 30 different countries for the PT on Ethanol (Fuel/ Bio-grade) did register for participation. See appendix 2 for the number of participants per country. In this report, the results of the 2018 interlaboratory study on Ethanol (Fuel/ Bio-grade) are presented and discussed. This report is also electronically available through the iis website www.iisnl.com.

### 2 SET UP

The Institute for Interlaboratory Studies (iis) in Spijkenisse, the Netherlands, was the organiser of this proficiency test (PT). Sample analyses for fit-for-use and homogeneity testing were subcontracted to an ISO/IEC 17025 accredited laboratory. In this proficiency test the participants received two different samples of Ethanol (Fuel/ Bio-grade), a 1 litre bottle labelled #18240 and a 50mL bottle labelled #18241 for Inorganic Chloride, Sulfate and total Sulfur determination only. Participants were requested to report rounded and unrounded test results. The unrounded test results were preferably used for statistical evaluation.

### 2.1 ACCREDITATION

The Institute for Interlaboratory Studies in Spijkenisse, the Netherlands, is accredited in agreement with ISO/IEC 17043:2010 (R007), since January 2000, by the Dutch Accreditation Council (Raad voor Accreditatie). This PT falls under the accredited scope.

This ensures strict adherence to protocols for sample preparation and statistical evaluation and 100% confidentiality of participant's data. Feedback from the participants on the reported data is encouraged and customer's satisfaction is measured on regular basis by sending out questionnaires.

### 2.2 PROTOCOL

The protocol followed in the organization of this proficiency test was the one as described for proficiency testing in the report 'iis Interlaboratory Studies: Protocol for the Organisation, Statistics and Evaluation' of June 2018 (iis-protocol, version 3.5). This protocol is electronically available through the iis website www.iisnl.com, from the FAQ page.

### 2.3 CONFIDENTIALITY STATEMENT

All data presented in this report must be regarded as confidential and for use by the participating companies only. Disclosure of the information in this report is only allowed by means of the entire report. Use of the contents of this report for third parties is only allowed by written permission of the Institute for Interlaboratory Studies. Disclosure of the identity of one or more of the participating companies will be done only after receipt of a written agreement of the companies involved.

### 2.4 SAMPLES

The necessary bulk material for sample #18240 was obtained from a European supplier. The approximately 85 litres bulk material was homogenised in a pre-cleaned drum. After homogenisation 79 amber glass bottles of 1 litre were filled and labelled #18240. The homogeneity of the subsamples #18240 was checked by determination of Density in accordance with ASTM D4052 and Water in accordance with ASTM E203 on 8 stratified randomly selected samples.

	Density at 15°C in kg/L	Water in %M/M
Sample #18240-1	0.79456	0.303
Sample #18240-2	0.79454	0.303
Sample #18240-3	0.79454	0.301
Sample #18240-4	0.79455	0.303
Sample #18240-5	0.79454	0.300
Sample #18240-6	0.79454	0.303
Sample #18240-7	0.79454	0.302
Sample #18240-8	0.79454	0.302

Table 1: homogeneity test results of subsamples #18240

From the above test results the repeatabilities were calculated and compared with 0.3 times the corresponding reproducibilities of the reference test methods in agreement with the procedure of ISO13528, Annex B2 in the next table.

	Density at 15°C in kg/L	Water in %M/M
r (observed)	0.00002	0.003
reference test method	ISO12185:96	E203:16
0.3 x R (ref. test method)	0.00015	0.023

Table 2: evaluation of the repeatabilities of subsamples #18240

The calculated repeatabilities were in agreement with 0.3 times the corresponding reproducibilities of the reference test methods. Therefore, homogeneity of the subsamples of #18240 was assumed. Please note that the Density for homogeneity purposes was determined at 15°C. The Density determination as requested from the participants was at 20°C.

The necessary bulk material for sample #18241 was obtained from a European supplier. To approximately 3.9 kg of this material, the following components, dissolved in water, were added:

Component	Amount
Sodium Chloride (NaCl)	39 mg
Sodium Sulfate (Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )	23 mg

Table 3: preparation table for sample #18241

After homogenisation, 78 PE bottles of 50mL were filled and labelled #18241. The homogeneity of subsamples #18241 was checked by determination of Sulfate as SO<sub>4</sub> in accordance with EN15492 on 8 stratified randomly selected samples.

	Sulfate in mg SO <sub>4</sub> /kg
Sample #18241-1	4.19
Sample #18241-2	4.33
Sample #18241-3	4.76
Sample #18241-4	4.45
Sample #18241-5	4.83
Sample #18241-6	4.76
Sample #18241-7	4.34
Sample #18241-8	4.61

Table 4: homogeneity test results of subsamples #18241

From the above test results the repeatability was calculated and compared with 0.3 times the corresponding reproducibility of the reference test method in agreement with the procedure of ISO13528, Annex B2 in the next table.

	Sulfate in mg SO <sub>4</sub> /kg
r (observed)	0.67
reference test method	D7319:17
0.3 x R (ref. test method)	1.16

Table 5: evaluation of the repeatability of subsamples #18241

The calculated repeatability was in agreement with 0.3 times the corresponding reproducibility of the reference test method. Therefore, homogeneity of the subsamples of #18241 was assumed.

To each of the participating laboratories, 1 x 1 litre bottle labelled #18240 and 1 x 50mL bottle labelled #18241 was sent on November 7th, 2018. An SDS was added to the sample package.

### 2.5 STABILITY OF THE SAMPLES

The stability of Ethanol (Fuel/ Bio-grade) packed in an amber glass bottle was checked. The material was found sufficiently stable for the period of the proficiency test.

### 2.6 ANALYSES

The participants were asked to determine on sample #18240: Acidity Total, Appearance, Copper as Cu, Density at 20°C, Electrical conductivity at 25°C, Nonvolatile matter, Nitrogen, pHe (KCl & LiCl), Phosphorus as P, Water (coulometric and titrimetric), Ethanol incl. higher alcohols (acc. EN15721), Higher Alcohols (acc. EN15721), Impurities (acc. EN15721), Methanol and Ethanol by mass and by volume (acc. ASTM D5501).

The participants were asked to determine on sample #18241: Inorganic Chloride as CI, Sulfate as SO<sub>4</sub> and Sulfur.

It was explicitly requested to treat the samples as if they were routine samples and to report the test results using the indicated units on the report form and not to round the test results, but

report as much significant figures as possible. It was also requested not to report 'less than' test results, which are above the detection limit, because such test results cannot be used for meaningful statistical calculations.

To get comparable test results, a detailed report form and a letter of instructions are prepared. On the report form the reporting units are given as well as the reference test methods that will be used during the evaluation. The detailed report form and the letter of instructions are both made available on the data entry portal www.kpmd.co.uk/sgs-iis/. The participating laboratories are also requested to confirm the sample receipt on this data entry portal. The letter of instructions can also be downloaded from the iis website www.iisnl.com.

### 3 RESULTS

During five weeks after sample dispatch, the test results of the individual laboratories were gathered via the data entry portal www.kpmd.co.uk/sgs-iis/. The reported test results are tabulated per determination in appendix 1 of this report. The laboratories are presented by their code numbers.

Directly after the deadline, a reminder was sent to those laboratories that had not reported test results at that moment.

Shortly after the deadline, the available test results were screened for suspect data. A test result was called suspect in case the Huber Elimination Rule (a robust outlier test) found it to be an outlier. The laboratories that produced these suspect data were asked to check the reported test results (no reanalysis). Additional or corrected test results are used for data analysis and original test results are placed under 'Remarks' in the test result tables in appendix 1. Test results that came in after the deadline were not taken into account in this screening for suspect data and thus these participants were not requested for checks.

### 3.1 STATISTICS

The protocol followed in the organisation of this proficiency test was the one as described for proficiency testing in the report 'iis Interlaboratory Studies: Protocol for the Organisation, Statistics and Evaluation' of June 2018 (iis-protocol, version 3.5).

For the statistical evaluation, the *unrounded* (when available) figures were used instead of the rounded test results. Test results reported as '<...' or '>...' were not used in the statistical evaluation.

First, the normality of the distribution of the various data sets per determination was checked by means of the Lilliefors-test, a variant of the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test and by the calculation of skewness and kurtosis. Evaluation of the three normality indicators in combination with the visual evaluation of the graphic Kernel density plot, lead to judgement of the normality being either 'unknown', 'OK', 'suspect' or 'not OK'. After removal of outliers, this check was repeated. If a data set does not have a normal distribution, the (results of the) statistical evaluation should be used with due care.

According to ISO5725 the original test results per determination were submitted to Dixon's and/or Grubbs' and/or Rosner's outlier tests. Outliers are marked by D(0.01) for the Dixon's test, by G(0.01) or DG(0.01) for the Grubbs' test and by R(0.01) for the Rosner's test. Stragglers are marked by D(0.05) for the Dixon's test, by G(0.05) or DG(0.05) for the Grubbs' test and by

R(0.05) for the Rosner's test. Both outliers and stragglers were not included in the calculations of averages and standard deviations.

For each assigned value, the uncertainty was determined in accordance with ISO13528. Subsequently the calculated uncertainty was evaluated against the respective requirement based on the target reproducibility in accordance with ISO13528. In this PT, the criterion of ISO13528, paragraph 9.2.1. was met for all evaluated tests, therefore, the uncertainty of all assigned values may be negligible and need not be included in the PT report.

Finally, the reproducibilities were calculated from the standard deviations by multiplying these with a factor of 2.8.

### 3.2 GRAPHICS

In order to visualize the data against the reproducibilities from literature, Gauss plots were made, using the sorted data for one determination (see appendix 1). On the Y-axis the reported test results are plotted. The corresponding laboratory numbers are on the X-axis. The straight horizontal line presents the consensus value (a trimmed mean). The four striped lines, parallel to the consensus value line, are the +3s, +2s, -2s and -3s target reproducibility limits of the selected reference test method. Outliers and other data, which were excluded from the calculations, are represented as a cross. Accepted data are represented as a triangle. Furthermore, Kernel Density Graphs were made. This is a method for producing a smooth density approximation to a set of data that avoids some problems associated with histograms. Also a normal Gauss curve was projected over the Kernel Density Graph for reference.

### 3.3 Z-SCORES

To evaluate the performance of the participating laboratories the z-scores were calculated. As it was decided to evaluate the performance of the participants in this proficiency test (PT) against the literature requirements, e.g. ASTM reproducibilities, the z-scores were calculated using a target standard deviation. This results in an evaluation independent of the variation in this interlaboratory study.

The target standard deviation was calculated from the literature reproducibility by division with 2.8. In case no literature reproducibility was available, other target values were used. In some cases, a reproducibility based on former its proficiency tests could be used.

When a laboratory did use a test method with a reproducibility that is significantly different from the reproducibility of the reference test method used in this report, it is strongly advised to recalculate the z-score, while using the reproducibility of the actual test method used, this in order to evaluate whether the reported test result is fit-for-use.

The z-scores were calculated according to:

 $z_{\text{(target)}} = \text{(test result - average of PT)} / \text{target standard deviation}$ 

The  $z_{\text{(target)}}$  scores are listed in the result tables of appendix 1.

Absolute values for z<2 are very common and absolute values for z>3 are very rare. Therefore, the usual interpretation of z-scores is as follows:

|z| < 1 good 1 < |z| < 2 satisfactory 2 < |z| < 3 questionable

3 < |z| unsatisfactory

### 4 **EVALUATION**

In this proficiency test, no major problems were encountered with the dispatch of the samples. Two participants reported the test results after the final reporting date and one participant did not report any test results at all. Not all laboratories were able to report all analyses requested.

In total 53 laboratories reported 473 numerical test results. Observed were 14 outlying test results, which is 3.0% of the numerical test results. In proficiency studies, outlier percentages of 3% - 7.5% are quite normal.

Not all original data sets proved to have a normal Gaussian distribution. These are referred to as "not OK" or "suspect". The statistical evaluation of these data sets should be used with due care, see also paragraph 3.1.

### 4.1 EVALUATION PER SAMPLE AND PER TEST

In this section, the reported test results are discussed per sample and per test. The test methods, that are reported by the various laboratories were taken into account for explaining the observed differences when possible and applicable. These methods are also in the tables together with the original data. The abbreviations, used in these tables, are listed in appendix 3.

Unfortunately, a suitable standard test method, providing the precision data, is not available for all determinations. For the test, that have no available precision data, the calculated reproducibility was compared against the reproducibility estimated from the Horwitz equation.

In the iis PT reports, ASTM methods are referred to with a number e.g. D5501 and an added designation for the year that the method was adopted or revised e.g. D5501:12. If applicable, a designation in parentheses is added to designate the year of reapproval e.g. D5501:12 (2016). In the results tables of Appendix 1 only the method number and year of adoption or revision will be used.

### **Sample #18240**

Acidity, Total: This determination was not problematic. One statistical outlier was observed.

The calculated reproducibility after rejection of the statistical outlier is in agreement with the requirements of EN15491:07, ASTM D1613:17 and ASTM

D7795-B:15.

Appearance: This determination was not problematic. All reporting participants agreed about

the appearance as Pass (Clear and Bright).

<u>Copper as Cu:</u> Almost all participants reported a 'less than' test result. Therefore no z-scores were calculated.

<u>Density at 20°C:</u> This determination was not problematic. One statistical outlier was observed. However, the calculated reproducibility after rejection of the statistical outlier is in agreement with the requirements of ISO12185:96.

Electrical conductivity at 25°C: This determination was very problematic. One statistical outlier was observed. The calculated reproducibility after rejection of the statistical outlier is not at all in agreement with the requirements of EN15938:10.

Nonvolatile matter: All test results were below the application range of the method EN15691:09 (10-25 mg/100mL). Therefore no z-scores were calculated.

Nitrogen: This determination was problematic at the low level of 0.8 mg/kg. No statistical outliers were observed. However, the calculated reproducibility is not in agreement with the requirements of ASTM D4629:12. The low number of reported test results may (partly) explain the large variation.

pHe:

It is known that the pHe determined with a LiCl electrode will be lower than the pHe determined with a KCl electrode. Two test methods are available for the determination of the pHe of Ethanol: ASTM D6423, that describes the use of a KCl electrode and EN15490, that describes the use of a LiCl electrode. Both test methods are used in this PT and therefore the reported pHe test results for were split up into pHe (KCl) and pHe (LiCl) and evaluated separately.

<u>pHe (KCI):</u>
This determination was very problematic. No statistical outliers were observed. However, the calculated reproducibility is not at all in agreement with the requirements of D6423:14.

<u>pHe (LiCl):</u>
This determination was problematic. One statistical outlier was observed. The calculated reproducibility after rejection of the statistical outlier is not in agreement with the requirements of EN15490:07. The low number of reported test results may (partly) explain the large variation.

<u>Phosphorus as P:</u> Almost all test results were near or below the application range of method EN15487:07 (0.15-1.50 mg/kg). Therefore no z-scores were calculated.

<u>Water (coulometric):</u> This determination may be problematic depending on the test method used.

Three statistical outliers were observed. However, the calculated reproducibility after rejection of the statistical outliers is not in agreement with the requirements of EN15489:07 but is in agreement with ASTM E1064:16 and ASTM D6304:16e1.

<u>Water (titrimetric):</u> This determination was not problematic. No statistical outliers were observed. The calculated reproducibility is in agreement with the requirements of ASTM E203:16 and EN15692:09.

### GC general:

The test results reported for the Ethanol content is depending on the test method used by the laboratory. Test method EN15721 uses a different definition for Ethanol than ASTM D5501. Therefore, the participants in this proficiency test were requested to report the ethanol content for each of the two definitions.

### Ethanol (EN15721): In EN15721 the purity (the ethanol content) is defined as:

Ethanol (incl. higher alcohols) = 100% - impurity% - methanol%, where the higher alcohols consequently are <u>not</u> included in "impurity%" but in Ethanol content.

This determination was very problematic. No statistical outliers were observed. The calculated reproducibility is not at all in agreement with the requirements of EN15721:13.

### Higher Alcohols (EN15721): In EN15721 the higher alcohol content is defined as:

the sum of n-propanol%, n-butanol%, sec-butanol%, isopropanol%, 2-methyl-1-butanol% and 3-methyl-1-butanol%.

This determination was not problematic. No statistical outliers were observed. The calculated reproducibility is in full agreement with the requirements of EN15721:13.

# Impurities (EN15721): This determination may be problematic. In EN15721 the impurity content is defined as: content of all components except for Ethanol%, Methanol% and the higher alcohols%. One statistical outlier was observed and 11 other test results were excluded. The calculated reproducibility after rejection of the suspect data is not in agreement with the estimated reproducibility limits using the Horwitz equation based on nine components.

### Methanol:

This determination may be problematic depending on the test method used. Four statistical outliers were observed. The calculated reproducibility after rejection of the statistical outliers is not in agreement with the estimated requirements calculated using the Horwitz equation, but in agreement with the estimated requirements of ASTM D5501:12. A negative value for the reproducibility is found at this concentration level for test method EN15721:13.

# Ethanol (D5501): This determination was not problematic for Ethanol by mass and Ethanol by volume. No statistical outliers were observed but two test results were excluded. For both Ethanol by mass and Ethanol by volume the calculated reproducibility after rejection of the suspect data is in agreement with the requirements of ASTM D5501:12 (2016).

### Sample #18241

Chloride, Inorganic: This determination was problematic. No statistical outliers were observed, but one test result was excluded. The calculated reproducibility after rejection of the suspect data is not in agreement with the estimated requirements calculated using the Horwitz equation nor with ASTM D7319:17 and EN15492:12. Because of the strict reproducibility of ASTM D7319:17 and EN15492:12 it was decided to evaluate the test results with the estimated reproducibility using the Horwitz equation. The average recovery of Inorganic Chloride (theoretical increment of 6.2 mg Chloride/kg) may be sufficient (<90%), the actual Chloride content is unknown.

Sulfate as SO<sub>4</sub>: This determination was problematic. No statistical outliers were observed, but one test result was excluded. The calculated reproducibility is not in agreement with the requirements of ASTM D7319:17 and not at all in agreement with EN15492:12 and ASTM D7328:16. The average recovery of Sulfate (theoretical increment of 4.3 mg Sulfate/kg) may be good (<97%), the actual Sulfate content is unknown.

### Sulfur:

This determination may be problematic depending on the test method used. No statistical outliers were observed. The calculated reproducibility is in agreement with the requirements of EN15485:07, but not in agreement with the reproducibility requirements of EN15486:07 and ASTM D5453:16e1.

### 4.2 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FOR THE GROUP OF LABORATORIES

A comparison has been made between the reproducibility as declared by the relevant reference test method and the reproducibility as found for the group of participating laboratories. The number of significant test results, the average result, the calculated reproducibility (2.8 \* sd) and the target reproducibilities derived from reference test methods (in casu ASTM test methods) are compared in next table.

Parameter	unit	n	average	2.8 * sd	R (lit)
Acidity, Total as Acetic acid	mg/kg	47	24.5	11.8	13.7
Appearance		43	Pass	n.a.	n.a.
Copper as Cu	mg/kg	19	<0.07	n.a.	n.a.
Density at 20°C	kg/L	48	0.7903	0.0002	0.0005
Electrical conductivity at 25°C	μS/cm	24	0.83	0.37	0.17
Nonvolatile matter	mg/100mL	20	0.70	0.96	(0.13)
Nitrogen	mg/kg	8	0.79	1.20	0.72
pHe (KCI)		18	6.31	2.75	1.13
pHe (LiCl)		8	4.84	0.77	0.46
Phosphorus as P	mg/L	17	<0.15	n.a.	n.a.
Water (coulometric)	%M/M	38	0.313	0.027	0.025
Water (titrimetric)	%M/M	29	0.308	0.041	0.078
Ethanol incl. Higher Alcohols (EN15721)	%M/M	27	99.521	0.565	0.167
Higher Alcohols (EN15721)	%M/M	27	0.265	0.079	0.075

Parameter	unit	n	average	2.8 * sd	R (lit)
Impurities (EN15721)	%M/M	13	0.511	0.216	0.190
Methanol	%M/M	28	0.015	0.006	0.003
Ethanol (D5501)	%M/M	15	99.247	0.884	0.996
Ethanol (D5501)	%V/V	14	99.376	0.935	0.995

Table 6: reproducibilities of tests on sample #18240 Results between brackets should be used with care

Parameter	unit	n	average	2.8 * sd	R (lit)
Chloride, Inorganic as Cl	mg/kg	24	5.6	2.5	1.9
Sulfate as SO <sub>4</sub>	mg/kg	23	4.2	5.5	3.6
Sulfur	mg/kg	31	3.3	2.6	3.5

Table 7: reproducibilities of tests on sample #18241

Reproducibility between brackets is estimated and should be used with care

Without further statistical calculations it can be concluded that for several tests there is a good compliance of the group of participating laboratories with the relevant test methods or the rather strict calculated estimates using the Horwitz equation. The problematic tests have been discussed in paragraph 4.1.

### 4.3 COMPARISON OF THE PROFICIENCY TEST OF DECEMBER 2018 WITH PREVIOUS PTS

	December 2018	December 2017	December 2016	December 2015	November 2014
Number of reporting labs	53	59	57	68	68
Number of results reported	473	537	476	899	817
Statistical outliers	14	22	31	39	42
Percentage outliers	3.0%	4.1%	6.5%	4.3%	5.1%

Table 8: comparison of statistical summary parameters with previous proficiency tests

In proficiency tests, outlier percentages of 3% - 7.5% are quite normal.

The performance of the determinations of the proficiency tests was compared against the requirements of the respective reference test methods. The conclusions are given the following table:

Determination	December 2018	December 2017	December 2016	December 2015	November 2014
Acidity, Total as Acetic Acid	+	-	+	+/-	+/-
Copper as Cu	n.e.	n.e.	n.e.	n.e.	n.e.
Density at 20°C	++	++	++	++	++
Electrical conductivity at 25°C				-	
Nonvolatile matter	()	()	()	()	()
Nitrogen	-	-			
рНе	-	-	+/-	n.e.	n.e.

Determination	December 2018	December 2017	December 2016	December 2015	November 2014
Phosphorus as P	n.e.	n.e.	n.e.	n.e.	(+/-)
Water (coulometric)	+/-	+/-	+	+/-	+/-
Water (titrimetric)	+	++	++	++	++
Ethanol (EN15721)		-	-		n.e.
Higher Alcohols (EN15721)	+/-	+/-	-	-	n.e.
Impurities (EN15721)	-	-			n.e.
Methanol		-	-		++
Ethanol (D5501)	+	+	++	++	
Chloride, Inorganic as CI	-	+	(++)	-	+
Sulfate as SO <sub>4</sub>	-			()	()
Sulfur	+	+	+	++	++

Table 9: Comparison determinations against the reference test method

Results between brackets should used with care, because the average was near or below the application range.

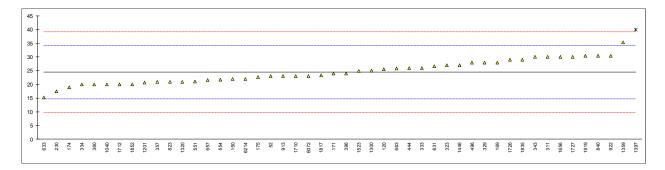
The performance of the determinations against the requirements of the respective reference test methods is listed in the above table. The following performance categories were used:

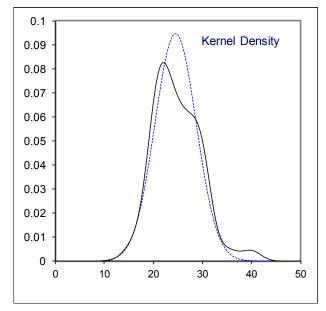
- ++: group performed much better than the reference test method
- + : group performed better than the reference test method
- +/-: group performance equals the reference test method
- : group performed worse than the reference test method
- -- : group performed much worse than the reference test method
- n.e.: not evaluated

### **APPENDIX 1**

Determination of Acidity, Total as Acetic Acid on sample #18240; results in mg/kg

	•			•	remarks
lab	method D1612	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52 120	D1613	23 25.5	С	-0.31 0.20	reported in 25.5 %M/M
120	D1613		C		reported in 25.5 %ivi/ivi
150	D7795	22		-0.52	
169	D7795	28		0.71	
171	EN15491	24		-0.11	
174	D1613	19		-1.13	
175	D7795	22.68		-0.38	
194	D4040	47.54		4.40	
230	D1613	17.54		-1.43	
311	D1613	30		1.12	
323	EN15491	27		0.51	
329	EN15491	28		0.71	
333	EN15491	26		0.30	
334	EN15491	20		-0.92	
337	EN45404			4.40	
343	EN15491	30		1.12	
357	EN15491	21		-0.72	
360	EN15491	20		-0.92	
391	D.1010				
396	D1613	24		-0.11	
444	EN15491	26		0.30	
496	EN15491	28		0.71	
541	D.1010				
551	D1613	21.1		-0.70	
554	D1613	21.7		-0.58	
631	D1613	26.6		0.42	
633	D1613	15.3		-1.88	
657	D1613	21.5978		-0.60	
663	D1613	25.8		0.26	
823	D1613	21		-0.72	
840	D1613	30.5		1.22	
913	D1613	23		-0.31	
922	D1613	30.51		1.22	
1040	EN15491	20		-0.92	
1201	EN15491	20.7		-0.78	
1300	EN15491	25.1		0.12	
1320	EN15491	21		-0.72	
1359	EN15491	35.3044	D(0.05)	2.20	
1397	EN15491	40	R(0.05)	3.16	
1438	EN45404			0.54	
1446	EN15491	27		0.51	
1523	ISO1388/2	24.88		0.07	
1563 1656	EN15401	20		1.12	
1710	EN15491 EN15491	30 23		-0.31	
1710	EN15491	20			
				-0.92	
1726 1727	EN15491 EN15491	29 30		0.92 1.12	
1817 1835	ISO1388/2 EN15491	23.34 29		-0.24 0.92	
1852	EN15491	29		-0.92	
1919	EN15491	30.4		1.20	
6072	D1613	23		-0.31	
6214	D1013	22		-0.52	
0214		22		-0.52	
	normality	OK			
	n	47			
	outliers	1			
	mean (n)	24.522			
	st.dev. (n)	4.2137			
	R(calc.)	11.798			
	st.dev.(EN15491:07)	4.8929			
	R(EN15491:07)	13.7			application range: 30 - 150 mg/kg
	Compare:				
	R(D1613:17)	14			application range: <500 mg/kg
	R(D7795-B:15)	13.024			application range: <200 mg/kg





# Determination of Appearance on sample #18240;

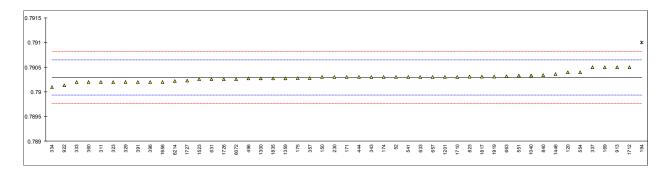
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D4176	Pass			
120	D4176	Clear and Bright			
150					
169	D4176	Pass			
171	Visual	Clear and Free			
174	Visual	Clear & Free			
175	D4176	clear and bright			
194	Visual	Clear and bright			
230	Visual	Clear & Bright			
311	EN15769	colourless & clear			
323	D4176	pass			
329	Visual	clear			
333	EN15769	Clear and Colourless			
334					
337	Visual	colorless			
343		C&B			
357	E2680	Pass			
360	EN15769	Clear and Colourless			
391					
396	E2680	Pass			
444	EN15769	Pass			
496	EN15769	clear and colourless			
541	E2680	Pass			
551	E2680	Pass			
554	Visual	Pass			
631	Visual	clear and bright			
633	Visual	Clear & Bright			
657	E2680	Pass			
663	Visual	Clear & Bright			
823	E2680	Pass			
840	E2680	Pass			
913	E2680	Clear & Bright			
922	Visual	Clear & Bright			
1040	Visual	clear & bright			
1201	Visual	Clear&Colourless			
1300	EN15769	clear&colorless			
1320					
1359	Visual	Clear / Bright			
1397	EN15769	clear, colourless			
1438					
1446					
1523					
1563					
1656	EN145760				
1710	EN15769	pass Clear&Bright			
1710	D4176	C&B			
1712	EN15769				
	EN15769	Clear&colourless Clear&Colorless			
1727	Visual				
1817 1835	EN15760	 C&C			
1835	EN15769				
1852					
1919					
6072	Visual	Libre de contaminantes suspendidos o precipitados			
6214	EN15769	clear and colourless			
	n	43			
	mean (n)	Pass (Clear & Bright)			

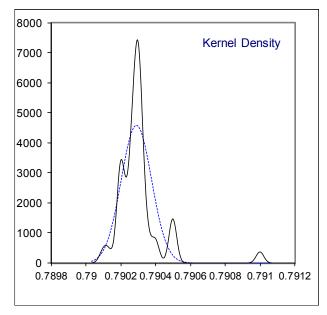
# Determination of Copper as Cu on sample #18240; results in mg/kg

lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D1688	<0.05			
120					
150					
169					
171	EN15488	<0.070			
174					
175	D1688	0.001			
194					
230	In house	0.02			
311	EN15837	<0.0050 <0.070			
323 329	EN15488				
333	EN15488	< 0.07			
334	2.110.00				
337					
343	EN15488	<0,070			
357					
360	EN15837	< 0.050			
391					
396					
444 496					
541	NBR11331	<0.1			
551	OGC2047	<0.04			
554	0002011				
631	D1688	<0.05			
633					
657					
663	INH-12414	0.001			
823	UOP389	<0.01			
840	D1688	<0.05			
913 922	D1688	<0.05			
1040	D 1000				
1201	EN15488	<1			
1300	EN15837	<0.05			
1320					
1359	EN15488	1.0800			possibly a false positive test result?
1397					
1438					
1446 1523					
1563					
1656	D1688-A	<0.1			
1710	B 1000 / (				
1712	EN15488	<0,07			
1726					
1727					
1817	EN45007				
1835	EN15837	<0.050			
1852 1919					
6072					
6214		0.00322			
<b>0-</b> · ·		0.000==			
	normality	unknown			
	n	19			
	outliers	n.a.			
	mean (n)	<0.07			
	st.dev. (n)	n.a.			
	R(calc.)	n.a.			
	st.dev.(EN15488:07) R(EN15488:07)	n.a. n.a.			application range 0.07 – 0.20 mg/kg
	Compare:	11.4.			application range 0.01 - 0.20 mg/kg
	R(D1688:12)	n.a.			
	·,	-			

# Determination of Density at 20°C on sample #18240; results in kg/L

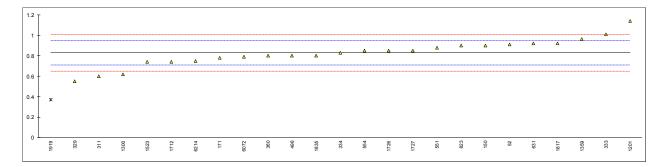
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D4052	0.7903	murk	0.05	- Ciliano
120	D4052 D4052	0.7903		0.05	
150	D4052 D4052	0.7904		0.01	
169	D4052 D4052	0.7903		1.17	
	ISO12185				
171 174		0.7903		0.05	
174	D4052	0.7903		0.05	
175	D4052	0.79028	D(0.04)	-0.06	
194	D4052	0.7910	R(0.01)	3.97	
230	D4052	0.79030		0.05	
311	D4052	0.7902		-0.51	
323	ISO12185	0.7902		-0.51	
329	D4052	0.7902		-0.51	
333	ISO12185	0.7902		-0.51	
334	ISO12185	0.7901		-1.07	
337	ISO12185	0.7905		1.17	
343	ISO12185	0.7903		0.05	
357	D4052	0.79028		-0.06	
360	ISO12185	0.7902		-0.51	
391	ISO12185	0.7902		-0.51	
396	D4052	0.7902		-0.51	
444	D4052	0.7903		0.05	
496	ISO12185	0.79027		-0.12	
541	D4052	0.79030		0.05	
551	D4052	0.79033		0.22	
554	D4052	0.7904		0.61	
631	D4052	0.79026		-0.17	
633	D4052	0.7903		0.05	
657	D4052	0.79030		0.05	
663	D4052	0.79032		0.16	
823	D4052	0.79031		0.11	
840	D4052	0.79034		0.27	
913	D4052	0.7905		1.17	
922	D4052	0.79013		-0.90	
1040	ISO12185	0.79033		0.22	
1201	D4052	0.7903		0.05	
1300	ISO12185	0.79027		-0.12	
1320					
1359	ISO12185	0.790273		-0.10	
1397					
1438					
1446	ISO12185	0.79036		0.39	
1523	D4052	0.790256		-0.20	
1563					
1656	D4052	0.7902		-0.51	
1710	ISO12185	0.7903		0.05	
1712	ISO12185	0.7905		1.17	
1726	D4052	0.79026		-0.17	
1727	D4052	0.79023		-0.34	
1817	Table OIML	0.79031		0.11	
1835	ISO12185	0.79027		-0.12	
1852	.5512100	0.75027		-0.12	
1919	ISO12185	0.790310		0.11	
6072	D4052	0.79026		-0.17	
6214	D 1002	0.79020		-0.17	
0 <u>2</u> 1 <del>7</del>		3.70022		0.70	
	normality	suspect			
	n	48			
	outliers	1			
	mean (n)	0.79029			
	st.dev. (n)	0.79029			
	` ,				
	R(calc.) st.dev.(ISO12185:96)	0.00024 0.000179			
	R(ISO12185:96)	0.000179			
	11(13012100.90)	0.0000			

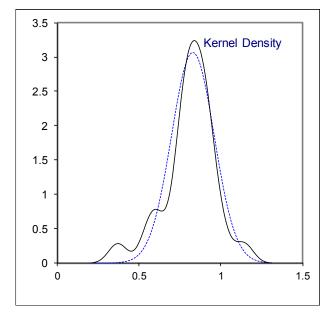




# Determination of Electrical conductivity at 25°C on sample #18240; results in $\mu S/cm$

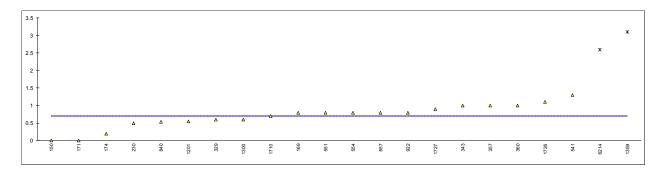
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D1125Mod.	0.91		1.36	
120					
150		0.9		1.19	
169 171	EN15020	0.78		-0.82	
171	EN15938 D1125-A	<10		-0.62	
175	D11207				
194					
230					
311	EN15938	0.60		-3.83	manalish a falsa manatisa taat maasitto
323 329	EN15938 EN15938	<0.3 0.55		<-8.86 -4.67	possibly a false negative test result?
333	EN15938	1.01		3.03	
334	EN15938	0.83		0.02	
337					
343					
357 360	EN15938	0.80		-0.49	
391	LN 13930			-0.49	
396					
444					
496	EN15938	8.0		-0.49	
541	NDD40547				
551 554	NBR10547 NBR10547	0.88 0.85		0.85 0.35	
631	D1125-A	0.03		1.52	
633					
657					
663	D4405			4.40	
823 840	D1125	0.9		1.19	
913					
922					
1040					
1201	EN15938	1.142		5.24	
1300 1320	EN15938	0.617 		-3.55 	
1359	EN15938	0.9655		2.28	
1397					
1438					
1446	D2024	0.74		4.40	
1523 1563	D2624	0.74		-1.49	
1656	EN15938	<1			
1710					
1712	EN15938	0.740		-1.49	
1726	EN15938	0.85		0.35	
1727 1817	EN15938 In house	0.8505 0.920		0.36 1.52	
1835	EN15938	0.80		-0.49	
1852					
1919	EN15938	0.37	R(0.05)	-7.69	
6072	NBR10547	0.792		-0.62	
6214		0.75		-1.32	
	normality	OK			
	n	24			
	outliers	1			
	mean (n)	0.829			
	st.dev. (n) R(calc.)	0.1302 0.365			
	st.dev.(EN15938:10)	0.0597			
	R(EN15938:10)	0.167			

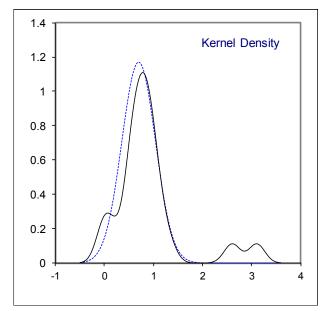




# Determination of Nonvolatile matter on sample #18240; results in mg/100mL

lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D1353	<1			
120	2.000				
150	D1353	0			
169	D1353	0.8			
171	EN15691	0.0007			
174	D1353	0.2			
175					
194					
230	D1353	0.5			
311	EN15691	<10			
323	EN15691	<1			
329	EN15691	0.6			
333	EN15691	< 10			
334					
337					
343	EN15691	1			
357	EN15691	1.0			
360	EN15691	1.0			
391					
396					
444	EN15691	<10			
496					
541	D1353	1.30			
551	D1353	0.8			
554	D1353	8.0			
631					
633	D. 40 - 0				
657	D1353	0.8			
663					
823	D.1050				
840	D1353	0.54			
913	D4050				
922	D1353	0.80			
1040	EN115601	 0			
1201 1300	EN15691	0.55			
1320	EN15691	0.6			
1359	EN15601		B(0.01)		
1397	EN15691	3.1	R(0.01)		
1438					
1446					
1523					
1563					
1656	EN15691	<1			
1710	EN15691	0.7			
1712	EN15691	<5			
1726	EN15691	1.1			
1727	EN15691	0.9			
1817					
1835	EN15691	<10			
1852					
1919					
6072					
6214		2.6	R(0.01)		
			, ,		
	normality	OK			
	n	20			
	outliers	2			
	mean (n)	0.70			
	st.dev. (n)	0.342			
	R(calc.)	0.96			
	st.dev.(EN15691:09)	(0.046)			
	R(EN15691:09)	(0.13)			application range: 10 – 25 mg/100mL
	Compare:				
	R(D1353:13)	(0.30)			

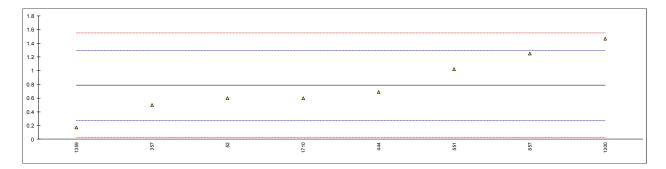


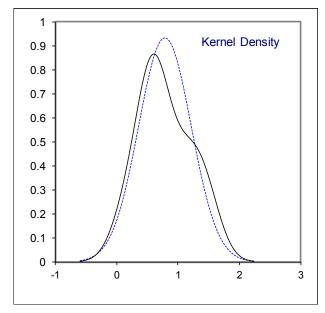


# Determination of Nitrogen on sample #18240; results in mg/kg

lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D4629	0.6		-0.73	
120					
150	D4629	<0.3			
169	D. 1000				
171	D4629	<0.3			
174 175					
175					
230					
311					
323	D4629	<1			
329					
333					
334					
337					
343 357	D4629	0.5		-1.12	
360	D4023			-1.12	
391					
396					
444	D4629	0.687		-0.39	
496					
541					
551	D4629	1.02		0.91	
554					
631 633					
657	D4629	1.2527		1.82	
663	D 1020				
823					
840					
913					
922	D4629	<0.3			
1040	D4620				
1201 1300	D4629 D4629	<1 1.469	С	2.67	first reported 3.469
1320	D4029		C	2.07	ilist reported 3.409
1359	In house	0.17		-2.42	
1397					
1438					
1446					
1523					
1563					
1656 1710	D4629	0.6		-0.73	
1710	D4029			-0.73	
1726					
1727					
1817					
1835					
1852					
1919					
6072 6214					
0214					
	normality	unknown			
	n	8			
	outliers	0			
	mean (n)	0.787			
	st.dev. (n)	0.4275			
	R(calc.)	1.197			
	st.dev.(D4629:12) R(D4629:12)	0.2556 0.716			application range 0.3 - 100 mg/kg
	(07020.12)	0.7 10			application range 6.6 Too mg/ng

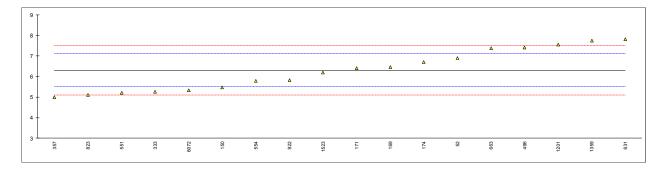
Page 24 of 55

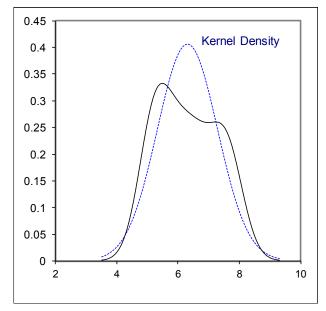




# Determination of pHe (KCI) on sample #18240;

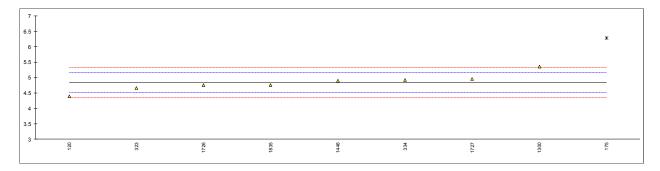
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D6423	6.9		1.46	
120	, - <del></del>				
150	D6423	5.48		-2.06	
169	D6423	6.46		0.37	no details on which type of electrode was used
171	D6423	6.4		0.22	
174	D6423	6.7		0.97	
175					
194 230					
311					
323					
329					
333	EN15490	5.27		-2.59	
334					
337					
343	DC400			2.00	
357 360	D6423	5.0		-3.26	
391					
396					
444					
496	D6423	7.42		2.76	
541					
551	D6423	5.21		-2.74	
554	D6423	5.80		-1.27	
631	D6423	7.82		3.75	
633					
657 663	D6423	7.37		2.63	
823	D6423	5.1		-3.01	
840	20.20				
913					
922	D6423	5.83		-1.19	
1040					
1201	EN15490	7.56		3.10	
1300					
1320 1359	EN15490	 7.747		3.57	
1397	LN 13430				
1438					
1446					
1523	D6423	6.19		-0.30	
1563					
1656					
1710					
1712 1726					
1727					
1817					
1835					
1852					
1919					
6072	D6423	5.34		-2.41	
6214					
	normality	OK			
	n	18			
	outliers	0			
	mean (n)	6.311			
	st.dev. (n)	0.9822			
	R(calc.)	2.750			
	st.dev.(D6423:14)	0.4025			
	R(D6423:14)	1.127			

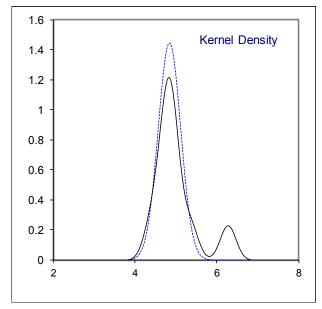




# Determination of pHe (LiCl) on sample #18240;

lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52 120	D6423	 4.39		 -2.70	
150	20120				
169					
171 174					
175	D6423	6.28	D(0.05)	8.70	possibly used a KCl electrode?
194			()		, ,
230					
311 323	EN15490	4.66		-1.07	
329	21110100				
333	=114=400				
334 337	EN15490	4.92 		0.50	
343					
357					
360					
391 396					
444					
496					
541					
551 554					
631					
633					
657					
663 823					
840					
913					
922 1040					
1201					
1300	EN15490	5.352		3.10	
1320					
1359 1397					
1438					
1446	EN15490	4.90		0.38	
1523 1563					
1656					
1710					
1712	EN45400	4.70		0.47	
1726 1727	EN15490 EN15490	4.76 4.96		-0.47 0.74	
1817					
1835	EN15490	4.76		-0.47	
1852 1919					
6072					
6214					
	normality	euenoot			
	normality n	suspect 8			
	outliers	1			
	mean (n)	4.838			
	st.dev. (n) R(calc.)	0.2763 0.774			
	st.dev.(EN15490:07)	0.1659			
	R(EN15490:07)	0.464			





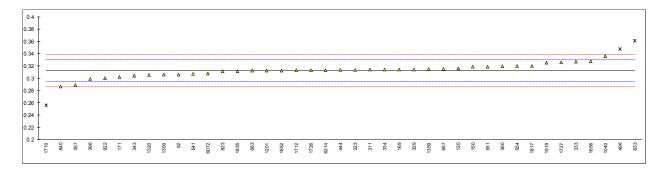
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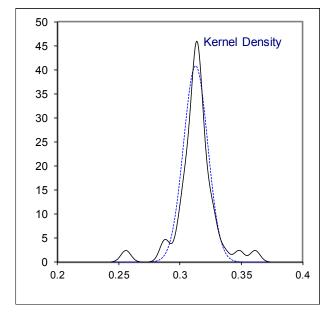
# Determination of Phosphorus as P on sample #18240; results in mg/L

lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D3231	<0.20	mark	<u> </u>	
120					
150	D3231	<0.20			
169					
171	EN15487	<0.15			
174					
175					
194					
230 311	EN15837	<0.13			
323	EN15487	<0.15			
329	EN15487	0.004			
333	EN15487	<0.15			
334					
337					
343					
357					
360	EN15837	< 0.10			
391					
396 444	EN15487	 <0.15			
496	EN15487	0.0007			
541	LINIOTOI				
551	OGC2047	<0.13			
554					
631					
633					
657					
663					
823					
840 913					
922					
1040					
1201	EN15487	<0.01			
1300	EN15487	0.01			
1320					
1359					
1397					
1438					
1446					
1523 1563					
1656	EN15487	<0.01			
1710	LI110-01				
1712	EN15487	<0,15			
	EN15487	0.068			
1727	EN15487	<0,01			
1817					
1835	EN15837	0.05			
1852					
1919					
6072 6214		0.011			
0214		0.011			
	normality	unknown			
	n	17			
	outliers	Ö			
	mean (n)	<0.15			
	st.dev. (n)	n.a.			
	R(calc.)	n.a.			
	st.dev.(EN15487:07)	n.a.			
	R(EN15487:07)	n.a.			application range: 0.15 - 1.50 mg/L

# Determination of Water (coulometric) on sample #18240; results in %M/M

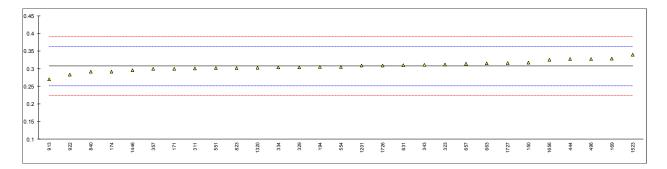
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	E1064	0.306	mann	-0.76	
120	E1064	0.316	С	0.76	reported 0.316 mg/kg
150	E1064	0.3190	C	0.30	reported 0.5 to mg/kg
169	E1064	0.3143		0.72	
171	EN15489	0.302		-1.21	
171	EN 15469	0.302		-1.21	
175 194					
230	EN115490	0.214		0.15	
311	EN15489	0.314		0.15	
323	EN15489	0.3136		0.11	
329 333	D6304 EN15489	0.3145 0.327		0.21	
		0.314		1.63 0.15	
334 337	EN15489	0.514		0.15	
	EN15489	0.304		-0.98	
343 357	E1064	0.304		-0.96 -2.70	
		0.2009		0.79	
360 391	EN15489	0.5190			
396	E1064	0.299		-1.55	
444	EN15489	0.239		0.11	
496	EN15489	0.348	R(0.05)	4.01	
541	E1064	0.3071	11(0.03)	-0.63	
551	E1064	0.319		0.72	
554	E1064	0.320		0.72	
631	L1004	0.320			
633	D6304	0.361	R(0.01)	5.48	
657	E1064	0.3153	14(0.01)	0.30	
663	E1064	0.3125		-0.02	
823	E1064	0.3111		-0.18	
840	E1064	0.2867		-2.95	
913					
922	D6304	0.30		-1.44	
1040	ISO12937	0.3358		2.62	
1201	EN15489	0.3126		-0.01	
1300	EN15489	0.3059		-0.77	
1320	EN15489	0.3054		-0.83	
1359	EN15489	0.314663		0.23	
1397					
1438					
1446					
1523					
1563					
1656	EN15489	0.3279		1.73	
1710	EN15489	0.256	R(0.01)	-6.43	
1712	EN15489	0.313		0.04	
1726	EN15489	0.313		0.04	
1727	EN15489	0.3258		1.49	
1817	In house	0.32		0.83	
1835	EN15489	0.3114		-0.14	
1852	ISO12937	0.3127		0.00	
1919	EN15489	0.32523		1.42	
6072	E1064	0.308		-0.53	
6214		0.313		0.04	
	normality	suspect			
	n	38			
	outliers	3			
	mean (n)	0.31267			
	st.dev. (n)	0.009792			
	R(calc.)	0.02742			
	st.dev.(EN15489:07)	0.00881			
	R(EN15489:07)	0.02468			
	Compare:				
	R(E1064:16)	0.05347			
	R(D6304:16e1)	0.21122			

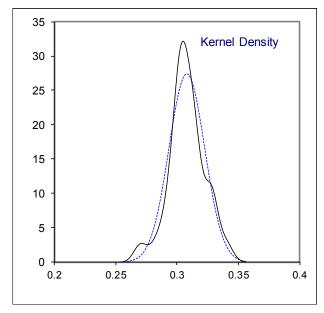




# Determination of Water (titrimetric KF) on sample #18240; results in %M/M

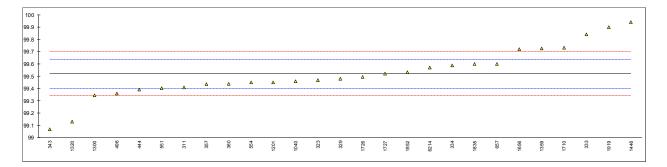
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52					
120					
150	E203	0.3171		0.34	
169	E203	0.3291		0.77	
171	E203	0.300		-0.28	
174	E203	0.292		-0.56	
175	F000				
194	E203	0.3046		-0.11	
230 311	EN15692	0.301		-0.24	
323	E203	0.312		0.15	
329	E203	0.3040		-0.13	
333					
334	E203	0.304		-0.13	
337					
343	E203	0.311		0.12	
357	E203	0.2998		-0.28	
360					
391 396					
444	E203	0.3280		0.73	
496	E203	0.328		0.73	
541	LZUU				
551	E203	0.302		-0.21	
554	E203	0.305		-0.10	
631	E203	0.310		0.08	
633					
657	E203	0.3142		0.23	
663	E203	0.3158		0.29	
823	E203	0.302		-0.21	
840 913	E203 E203	0.2919 0.27		-0.57 -1.35	
922	E203	0.283		-0.89	
1040	L200	0.200		-0.00	
1201	E203	0.309		0.05	
1300					
1320	E203	0.3025		-0.19	
1359					
1397					
1438	100700	0.0050		0.40	
1446 1523	ISO760	0.2959		-0.42 1.16	
1563	E203	0.34		1.10	
1656	E203	0.3257		0.65	
1710					
1712					
1726	EN15692	0.3095		0.06	
1727	EN15692	0.3167		0.32	
1817					
1835					
1852 1919					
6072					
6214					
	normality	OK			
	n	29			
	outliers	0			
	mean (n)	0.30772			
	st.dev. (n) R(calc.)	0.014560 0.04077			
	st.dev.(E203:16)	0.04077			
	R(E203:16)	0.078			
	Compare:				
	R(EN15692:09)	0.09915			

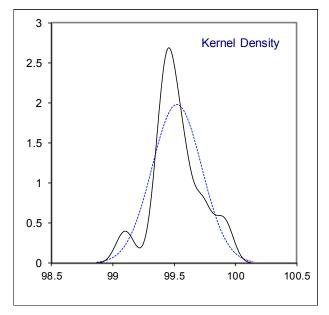




# Determination of Ethanol incl. Higher Alcohols acc. to EN15721 on sample #18240 in %M/M

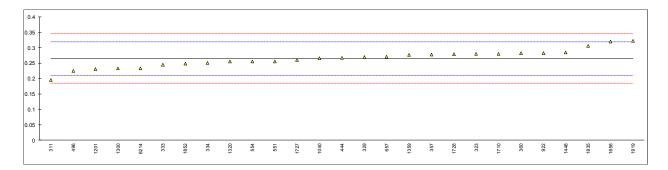
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52					
120					
150					
169 171					
174					
175					
194					
230	EN15701	99.41		-1.86	
311 323	EN15721 EN15721	99.41		-0.90	
329	EN15721	99.481		-0.67	
333	EN15721	99.84		5.36	
334	EN15721	99.590		1.16	
337	EN16701			7.50	
343 357	EN15721 EN15721	99.069 99.436		-7.59 -1.42	
360	EN15721	99.4375		-1.40	
391					
396	EN45704				
444 496	EN15721 EN15721	99.391 99.3607		-2.18 -2.69	
541	ENISTZI	99.3007		-2.09	
551	INH-1313	99.40358		-1.97	
554		99.45		-1.19	
631					
633 657	INH-2	99.6015		1.36	
663	IIVI I-Z			1.50	
823					
840					
913					
922 1040	EN15721	99.460		-1.02	
1201	EN15721	99.451		-1.17	
1300	EN15721	99.344		-2.97	
1320	EN15721	99.1306		-6.55	
1359 1397	EN15721	99.72713 		3.47	
1438					
1446	EN15721	99.94		7.04	
1523					
1563	EN45704				
1656 1710	EN15721 EN15721	99.72 99.733		3.35 3.56	
1712	LIVIOIZI				
1726	EN15721	99.494		-0.45	
1727	EN15721	99.521		0.00	
1817 1835	EN15721	99.5996		1.32	
1852	EN15721 EN15721	99.5996		0.21	
1919	EN15721	99.90		6.37	
6072					
6214		99.57		0.83	
	normality	OK			
	n	27			
	outliers	0			
	mean (n)	99.52077			
	st.dev. (n)	0.201707			
	R(calc.) st.dev.(EN15721:13)	0.56478 0.059543			
	R(EN15721:13)	0.16672			
	,				

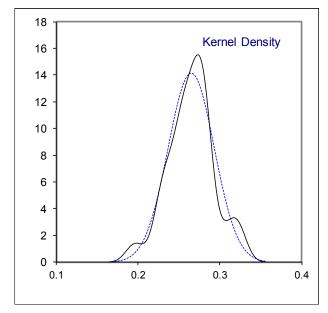




## Determination of Higher Alcohols acc. to EN15721 on sample #18240; results in %M/M

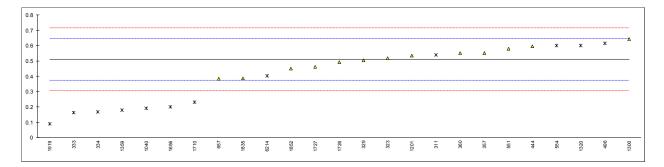
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52					
120					
150					
169					
171 174					
175					
194					
230					
311	EN15721	0.196		-2.57	
323	EN15721	0.280		0.56	
329	EN15721	0.2695		0.17	
333 334	EN15721 EN15721	0.245 0.2513		-0.75 -0.51	
337	LITIONET				
343					
357	EN15721	0.278		0.48	
360	EN15721	0.2822		0.64	
391					
396 444	EN15721	0.267		0.07	
496	EN15721	0.2252		-1.48	
541	21110721				
551	OGC1313	0.256025		-0.33	
554		0.256		-0.34	
631					
633	INIL 2	0.2707		0.21	
657 663	INH-2	0.2707		0.21	
823					
840					
913					
922	INH-0001	0.2825		0.65	
1040	EN15721	0.2661		0.04	
1201 1300	EN15721 EN15721	0.231 0.2328	С	-1.27 -1.20	first reported: 0.1682
1320	EN15721	0.2551	J	-0.37	mot reported. 0. 1002
1359	EN15721	0.27676667		0.44	
1397					
1438	EN145704				
1446	EN15721	0.2852		0.75 	
1523 1563					
1656	EN15721	0.32		2.05	
1710	EN15721	0.280		0.56	
1712					
1726	EN15721	0.2786		0.51	
1727 1817	EN15721	0.2597		-0.20 	
1835	EN15721	0.3059		1.52	
1852	EN15721	0.2486		-0.61	
1919	EN15721	0.3230		2.16	
6072					
6214		0.2335		-1.17	
	normality	OK			
	n	27			
	outliers	0			
	mean (n)	0.26503			
	st.dev. (n)	0.028248			
	R(calc.)	0.07909			
	st.dev.(EN15721:13) R(EN15721:13)	0.026872 0.07524			
	1410121.10)	0.07.024			

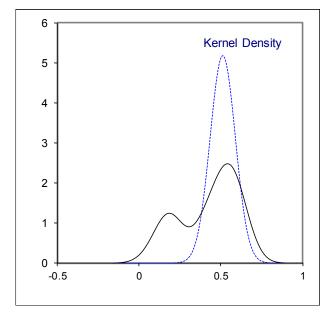




## Determination of Impurities acc. to EN15721 on sample #18240; results in %M/M

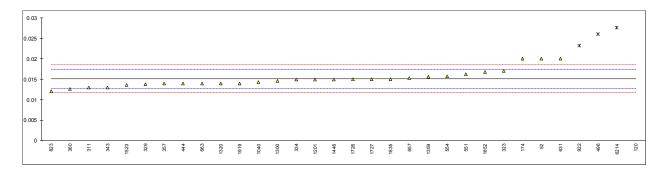
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52					
120					
150					
169					
171					
174					
175					
194					
230 311	EN15721	0.540	ex	0.42	test result excluded: sum of components <100%
323	EN15721	0.540	CX	0.42	test result excluded. Sum of components \ 100 /0
329	EN15721	0.505		-0.09	
333	EN15721	0.163	ex	-5.13	test result excluded: no numeric value for MeOH
334	EN15721	0.1686	ex	-5.05	test result excluded: sum of components <100%
337			<b>5</b> /1		toot room, one day of the periodical room,
343					
357	EN15721	0.550		0.57	
360	EN15721	0.5499		0.57	
391					
396					
444	EN15721	0.595		1.24	
496	EN15721	0.6133	ex	1.51	test result excluded: outlier in MeOH
541					
551	OGC1313	0.580203		1.02	
554		0.60	ex	1.31	test result excluded: sum of components >100%
631					
633	INILLO	0.0000		1.00	
657	INH-2	0.3832		-1.89	
663 823					
840					
913					
922					
1040	EN15721	0.1905	ex	-4.73	test result excluded: sum of components <100%
1201	EN15721	0.534		0.34	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1300	EN15721	0.6415		1.92	
1320	EN15721	0.6004	ex	1.32	test result excluded: sum of components <100%
1359	EN15721	0.179106667	ex	-4.89	test result excluded: sum of components <100%
1397					
1438					
1446					
1523					
1563	EN45704	0.00		4.50	took was alk assals dads was resumantia scales a few Ma OLL
1656 1710	EN15721	0.20 0.231	ex	-4.59 -4.13	test result excluded: no numeric value for MeOH
1710	EN15721	0.231	ex	- <del>4</del> .13	test result excluded: no numeric value for MeOH
1712	EN15721	0.4911		-0.30	
1727	EN15721	0.462		-0.72	
1817	21110721				
1835	EN15721	0.3854		-1.85	
1852	EN15721	0.4498		-0.90	
1919	EN15721	0.0893	G(0.01)	-6.22	
6072					
6214		0.4027	ex	-1.60	test result excluded: outlier in MeOH
	normality	OK			
	n	13			
	outliers	1 +11ex			
	mean (n)	0.51116			
	st.dev. (n)	0.077014			
	R(calc.) st.dev.(Horwitz (n=9))	0.21564 0.067859			
	R(Horwitz (n=9))	0.19000			
	(. 10111112 (// 0/)	3.10000			

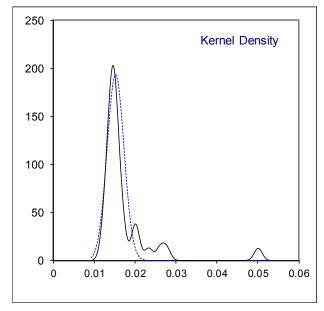




## Determination of Methanol on sample #18240; results in %M/M

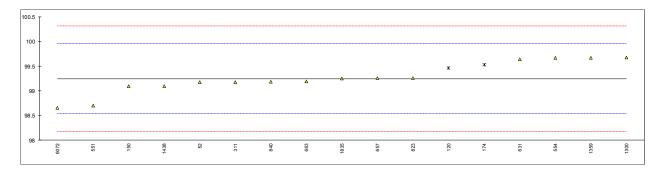
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D5501	0.02		4.29	
120	D5501	0.050033	R(0.01)	30.71	
150 169					
171					
174	D5501	0.02		4.29	
175					
194					
230 311	EN15721	0.013		-1.87	
323	EN15721	0.017		1.65	
329	EN15721	0.0138	С	-1.16	first reported 0.138
333	EN15721	<0.100			
334	EN15721	0.0149		-0.19	
337 343	EN15721	0.013		 -1.87	
357	EN15721	0.014		-0.99	
360	EN15721	0.0126		-2.22	
391					
396 444	EN15721	0.014		-0.99	
496	EN15721	0.0260	R(0.01)	9.57	
541			(0.0 .)		
551	OGC1313	0.01622		0.97	
554	DEEOA	0.0157	0	0.51	first remarked 0.000
631 633	D5501	0.02	С	4.29	first reported 0.038
657	INH-2	0.01532		0.18	
663	INH-0002	0.014		-0.99	
823	D5501	0.0121	С	-2.66	first reported 0.052
840 913					
922	INH-0001	0.0232	R(0.05)	7.11	
1040	EN15721	0.0143	(5.55)	-0.72	
1201	EN15721	0.0149		-0.19	
1300	EN15721	0.0146		-0.46	
1320 1359	EN15721 EN15721	0.0140 0.015616667		-0.99 0.44	
1397	LIVIOIZI				
1438					
1446	EN15721	0.0149		-0.19	
1523 1563	D5501	0.01363		-1.31	
1656	EN15721	<0.01	С		first reported 0.06
1710			W		first reported 0.036
1712					
1726	EN15721	0.0150		-0.11	
1727 1817	EN15721	0.015		-0.11 	
1835	EN15721	0.0150		-0.11	
1852	EN15721	0.0168		1.48	
1919	EN15721	0.0140	147	-0.99	5 4 4 10 0404
6072 6214		0.0276	W R(0.01)	10.98	first reported 0.0494
0214		0.0270	11(0.01)	10.00	
	normality	not OK			
	n	28			
	outliers mean (n)	4 0.01512			
	st.dev. (n)	0.002068			
	R(calc.)	0.00579			
	st.dev.(Horwitz)	0.001137			
	R(Horwitz)	0.00318			
	Compare: R(D5501:12)	0.014365			application range: 0.01 - 0.6 %M/M
	R(EN15721:13)	-0.00124			application range: 0.1 - 3 %M/M

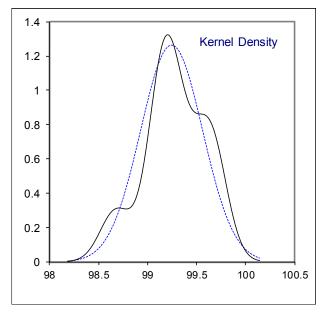




## Determination of Ethanol acc. to ASTM D5501 on sample #18240; results in %M/M

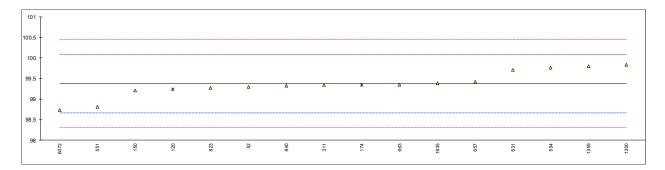
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D5501	99.18		-0.19	
120	D5501	99.467573	ex	0.62	test result excluded as Ethanol %M/M is > Ethanol %V/V
150	D5501	99.10	O.A.	-0.41	toot room oxonadou do Ethanor /on/// los Ethanor /ov/
169	_ 500 1				
171					
174	D5501	99.53	ex	0.79	test result excluded as Ethanol %M/M is > Ethanol %V/V
175	D3301		CX		test result excluded as Ethanol /olvi/W is > Ethanol /ov/V
194					
230					
311	D5501	99.18		-0.19	
323	D3301			-0.15	
329					
333					
334					
337					
343					
357					
360					
391					
396					
444					
496					
541					
551	D5501	98.70		-1.54	
554	D5501	99.67		1.19	
631	D5501	99.638		1.10	
633	D3301				
657	D5501	99.2564		0.03	
663	D5501	99.190		-0.16	
823	D5501	99.2567		0.03	
840	D5501	99.183		-0.18	
913	D330 I			-0.10	
922					
1040					
1201					
1300	D5501	99.674		1.20	
1320	D3301				
1359	D5501	99.67		1.19	
1397	D330 I				
1438	In house	99.1		-0.41	
1446	III IIOUSC			-0.41	
1523					
1563					
1656					
1710					
1712					
1726					
1727					
1817					
1835	D5501	99.253		0.02	
1852					
1919					
6072	D5501	98.6597		-1.65	
6214	_ , , ,				
	normality	OK			
	n	15			
	outliers	0 +2ex			
	mean (n)	99.24739			
	st.dev. (n)	0.315884			
	R(calc.)	0.88448			
	st.dev.(D5501:12)	0.355575			
	R(D5501:12)	0.99561			
	,	-			

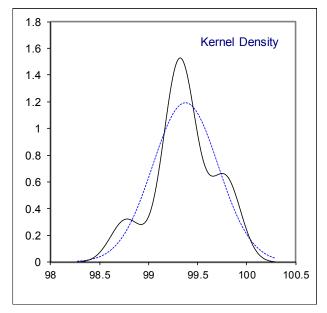




## Determination of Ethanol acc. to ASTM D5501 on sample #18240; results in %V/V

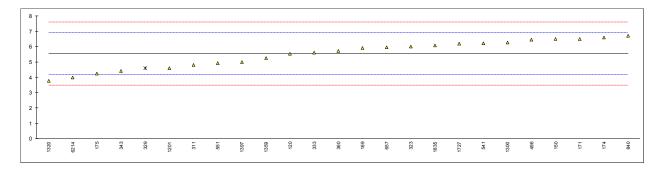
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D5501	99.30		-0.21	
120	D5501	99.24	ex	-0.38	test result excluded as Ethanol %M/M is > Ethanol %V/V
150	D5501	99.21	***	-0.47	
169	50001				
171					
174	D5501	99.34	ex	-0.10	test result excluded as Ethanol %M/M is > Ethanol %V/V
175	20001		O.A.		test result excluded as Ethanisi 700/1016 - Ethanisi 700/10
194					
230					
311	D5501	99.34		-0.10	
323	Dood				
329					
333					
334					
337					
343					
357					
360					
391					
396					
444					
496					
541					
551	D5501	98.81		-1.59	
554	D5501	99.77		1.11	
631	D5501	99.715		0.96	
633	Dood				
657	D5501	99.4200		0.13	
663	D5501	99.354		-0.06	
823	D5501	99.2687		-0.30	
840	D5501	99.321		-0.15	
913	50001				
922					
1040					
1201					
1300	D5501	99.834		1.29	
1320					
1359	D5501	99.80		1.19	
1397	2000.				
1438					
1446					
1523					
1563					
1656					
1710					
1712					
1726					
1727					
1817					
1835	D5501	99.384		0.02	
1852					
1919					
6072	D5501	98.7306		-1.82	
6214					
	normality	OK			
	n	14			
	outliers	0 +2ex			
	mean (n)	99.37553			
	st.dev. (n)	0.333771			
	R(calc.)	0.93456			
	st.dev.(D5501:12)	0.355300			
	R(D5501:12)	0.99484			

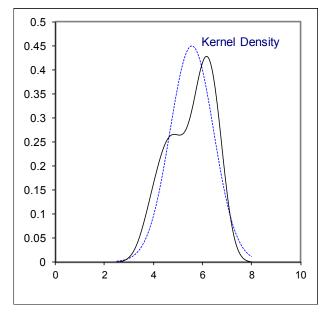




# Determination of Chlorides, Inorganic as CI on sample #18241; results in mg/kg

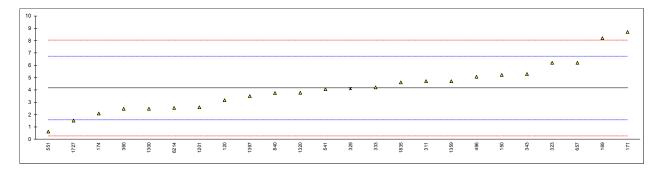
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52					
120	D7319	5.522		-0.04	
150	D7328	6.50		1.38	
169	D7319	5.90749		0.52	
171	EN15492	6.5		1.38	
174	D7319	6.6		1.53	
175	D7319	4.24		-1.91	
194					
230	INH-23	<1	С	<-6.63	first reported <2; possibly a false negative test result?
311	EN15492	4.8		-1.09	, , ,
323	EN15492	6.0		0.66	
329	EN15492	4.6	ex	-1.39	reported 4,6 mg/l
333	EN15492	5.6		0.07	
334					
337					
343	EN15492	4.4		-1.68	
357					
360	EN15492	5.73		0.26	
391					
396					
444					
496	EN15492	6.46		1.33	
541	D7328	6.223		0.98	
551	D7319	4.93		-0.90	
554					
631					
633	D7000	 5 007		0.04	
657 663	D7328	5.967		0.61	
823					
840	D7319	6.71		1.69	
913	D7313				
922					
1040					
1201	EN15492	4.6	С	-1.39	first reported 2.6
1300	EN15492	6.25		1.02	
1320	EN15492	3.76		-2.61	
1359	EN15492	5.255		-0.43	
1397	EN15492	5.0		-0.80	
1438					
1446					
1523					
1563					
1656					
1710	EN45404				
1712	EN15484	<5,1			
1726 1727	EN15492	6.2		0.95	
1817	EN 13492	0.2		0.95	
1835	EN15492	6.07		0.76	
1852	21110-102				
1919					
6072					
6214		3.986		-2.28	
					EN15492 only
	normality	OK			OK
	n	24			14
	outliers	0 +1ex	spike:		0 +1ex
	mean (n)	5.550	6.2 mg/kg recovery <90%		5.473
	st.dev. (n)	0.8892			0.8526
	R(calc.)	2.490			2.387
	st.dev.(Horwitz)	0.6861			0.6780
	R(Horwitz)	1.921			
	Compare: R(EN15492:12)	0.916	application range: 1 - 30 mg/	'ka	0.910
	R(D7319:17)	1.385	application range: 0.75 - 50 mg/		0.010
				9	

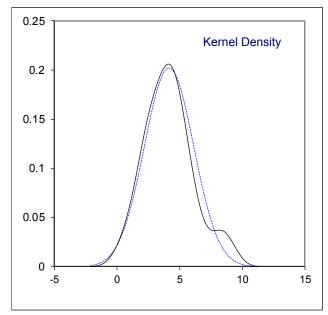




## Determination of Sulfate as SO<sub>4</sub> on sample #18241; results in mg/kg

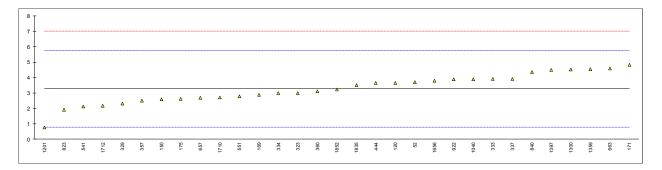
lab	method	value	mark	z(targ)	remarks
52					
120	D7319	3.182		-0.76	
150	D7328	5.21		0.81	
169 171	D7319 EN15492	8.18756 9.7		3.12 3.51	
171	D7319	8.7 2.1		-1.59	
175	D7010			-1.55	
194					
230					
311	EN15492	4.7		0.42	
323	EN15492	6.2		1.58	
329	EN15492	4.1	ex	-0.05	reported 4,1 mg/l
333	EN15492	4.2		0.03	
334 337					
343	EN15492	5.3		0.88	
357	21110102				
360	EN15492	2.47		-1.31	
391					
396					
444	EN145400				
496	EN15492	5.07		0.70	
541 551	D7328 D7319	4.055 0.63		-0.08 -2.73	
554	D/319			-2.73	
631					
633					
657	D7328	6.212		1.59	
663					
823	D7040				
840 913	D7319	3.76		-0.31 	
922					
1040					
1201	EN15492	2.6		-1.21	
1300	EN15492	2.479		-1.30	
1320	EN15492	3.78		-0.29	
1359	EN15492	4.7009		0.42	
1397	EN15492	3.5		-0.51	
1438 1446					
1523					
1563					
1656					
1710					
1712					
1726	EN45400	4.5		2.00	
1727 1817	EN15492	1.5 		-2.06 	
1835	EN15492	4.61		0.35	
1852	LIV10-102				
1919					
6072					
6214		2.5375		-1.26	
	normality	OK			
	normality n	OK 23			
	outliers	0 +1ex			spike:
	mean (n)	4.160			4.3 mg/kg recovery <97%
	st.dev. (n)	1.9709			·
	R(calc.)	5.519			
	st.dev.(D7319:17)	1.2928			application range: 1 20 mg/kg
	R(D7319:17) Compare:	3.620			application range: 1 - 20 mg/kg
	R(EN15492:12)	1.014			application range: 1 - 20 mg/kg
	R(D7328:16)	1.858			application range: 0.55 - 20 mg/kg
	•	-			5 5 5

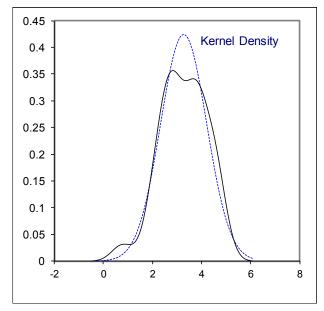




# Determination of Sulfur on sample #18241; results in mg/kg

lab	method	value mark	z(targ)	remarks
52	D5453	3.7	0.34	
120	D5453	3.652	0.30	
150	D5453	2.6	-0.54	
169	D5453	2.88	-0.32	
171	EN15485	4.82	1.24	
174				
175	D5453	2.62	-0.53	
194				
230				
311	EN15486	<5.0		
323	D5453	3	-0.22	
329	D5453	2.3	-0.78	
333	EN15485	3.9	0.50	
334	EN15485	3.0	-0.22	
337	ISO20846	3.9	0.50	
343	DE 150			
357	D5453	2.49	-0.63	
360	EN15486	3.1	-0.14	
391				
396	D5453	3.64	0.29	
444 496	D0400	3.04	0.29	
541	D5453	2.13	-0.92	
551	D5453	2.775	-0.40	
554	D3433	2.115	-0.40	
631				
633				
657	D5453	2.695	-0.47	
663	D5453	4.59	1.05	
823	D5453	1.91	-1.10	
840	D5453	4.35	0.86	
913				
922	D5453	3.885	0.49	
1040	ISO20846	3.89	0.49	
1201	EN15486	0.77	-2.01	
1300	EN15485	4.516	1.00	
1320				
1359	In house	4.547	1.02	
1397	D5453	4.5	0.98	
1438				
1446				
1523				
1563	EN45400	2.0	0.40	
1656	EN15486	3.8	0.42	
1710	ISO20846	2.7	-0.46	
1712 1726	EN15486	2.17 	-0.89 	
1727				
1817				
1835	EN15486	3.5	0.18	
1852	ISO20846	3.22	-0.04	
1919	.00200.0			
6072				
6214				
	normality	OK		
	n	31		
	outliers	0		
	mean (n)	3.276		
	st.dev. (n)	0.9421		
	R(calc.)	2.638		
	st.dev.(EN15485:07)	1.2462		I' I' 7 00 II
	R(EN15485:07)	3.489		application range: 7 - 20 mg/kg
	Compare:	2.404		application range: F 20 mg/l/g
	R(EN15486:07)	2.194		application range: 5 - 20 mg/kg
	R(D5453:16e1)	1.412		at a concentration < 400 mg/kg; application range: 1 - 8000 mg/kg





### **APPENDIX 2**

### Number of participating laboratories per country:

- 1 lab in ARGENTINA
- 3 labs in BELGIUM
- 2 labs in BRAZIL
- 1 lab in BULGARIA
- 1 lab in CANADA
- 1 lab in COLOMBIA
- 1 lab in CROATIA
- 1 lab in CZECH REPUBLIC
- 1 lab in ESTONIA
- 1 lab in FINLAND
- 3 labs in FRANCE
- 3 labs in GERMANY
- 2 labs in HUNGARY
- 1 lab in INDIA
- 1 lab in ISRAEL
- 2 labs in ITALY
- 1 lab in MAURITIUS
- 3 labs in NETHERLANDS
- 1 lab in PAKISTAN
- 2 labs in PHILIPPINES
- 1 lab in POLAND
- 1 lab in SINGAPORE
- 1 lab in SLOVAKIA
- 1 lab in SOUTH KOREA
- 4 labs in SPAIN
- 1 lab in SWEDEN
- 2 labs in THAILAND
- 3 labs in UNITED KINGDOM
- 7 labs in UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 1 lab in VIETNAM

#### **APPENDIX 3**

### Abbreviations:

C = final test result after checking of first reported suspect test result

D(0.01) = outlier in Dixon's outlier test
D(0.05) = straggler in Dixon's outlier test
G(0.01) = outlier in Grubbs' outlier test
G(0.05) = straggler in Grubbs' outlier test
DG(0.01) = outlier in Double Grubbs' outlier test

DG(0.05) = straggler in Double Grubbs' outlier test

R(0.01) = outlier in Rosner's outlier test R(0.05) = straggler in Rosner's outlier test E = possibly an error in calculations

W = test result withdrawn on request participant
ex = test result excluded from statistical evaluation

n.a. = not applicable
n.e = not evaluated
n.d. = not detected
fr. = first reported
SDS = Safety Data Sheet

#### Literature:

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