Results of Proficiency Test PCB in (Mineral) Oil October 2012

Institute for Interlaboratory Studies Spijkenisse, the Netherlands Organised by:

ing. L. Dijkstra Author:

dr. R. Visser & ing. R.J. Starink Corrector:

Report: iis12L05

CONTENTS

| 1 | INTRODUCTION | 3 |
|------|--|-----|
| 2 | SET UP | 3 |
| 2.1 | QUALITY SYSTEM | 3 |
| 2.2 | PROTOCOL | 3 |
| 2.3 | CONFIDENTIALITY STATEMENT | 3 |
| 2.4 | SAMPLES | 4 |
| 2.5 | STABILITY OF THE SAMPLES | 4 |
| 2.6 | ANALYSES | 4 |
| 3 | RESULTS | . 5 |
| 3.1 | STATISTICS | 5 |
| 3.2 | GRAPHICS | 6 |
| 3.3 | Z-SCORES | 6 |
| 4 | EVALUATION | 7 |
| 4.1 | EVALUATION PER TEST | 7 |
| 4.2 | PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FOR THE GROUP OF LABORATORIES | 9 |
| 4.3 | COMPARISON OF THE PROFICIENCY TEST OF OCTOBER 2012 WITH PREVIOUS PTs | 10 |
| | | |
| | | |
| • | | |
| Appe | endices: | |
| 1. | Data and statistical results | |
| 2. | | 24 |
| 3. | Abbreviations and literature | ∠5 |

1 Introduction

Since 2001, the Institute for Interlaboratory Studies organizes a proficiency test for PCB in (mineral) oil every year. During the annual proficiency testing program 2012/2013, it was decided to continue the proficiency test for the PCB analysis on (mineral) oil. In this interlaboratory study, 46 laboratories from 17 different countries have participated. See appendix 2 for the number of participating laboratories per country. In this report the results of the 2012 interlaboratory study on PCB analysis are presented and discussed.

2 SET UP

The Institute for Interlaboratory Studies (iis) in Spijkenisse, the Netherlands, was the organiser of this proficiency test. It was decided to send one 8 ml vial with mineral oil contaminated with PCB (labelled #12147) that was donated by one of the participating laboratories. Sample analyses for fit-for-use and homogeneity testing were subcontracted. Participants were requested to report rounded and unrounded results. The unrounded results were preferably used for statistical evaluation.

2.1 QUALITY SYSTEM

The Institute for Interlaboratory Studies in Spijkenisse, the Netherlands, has implemented a quality system on ISO guide 43, ILAC-G13:2007 and ISO17043:2010. This ensures strict adherence to protocols for sample preparation and statistical evaluation and 100% confidentially of participant's data. Feedback from the participants on the reported data is encouraged and customer's satisfaction is measured on regular basis by sending out questionnaires.

2.2 PROTOCOL

The protocol followed in the organisation of this proficiency test was the one as described for proficiency testing in the report 'iis Interlaboratory Studies: Protocol for the Organisation, Statistics and Evaluation' of January 2010 (iis-protocol, version 3.2).

2.3 CONFIDENTIALITY STATEMENT

All data presented in this report must be regarded as confidential and for use by the participating companies only. Disclosure of the information in this report is only allowed by means of the entire report. Use of the contents of this report for third parties is only allowed by written permission of the Institute for Interlaboratory Studies. Disclosure of the identity of one or more of the participating companies will be done only after receipt of a written agreement of the companies involved.

2.4 SAMPLES

In this proficiency test only one sample was used. The necessary bulk material for the sample, being contaminated waste oil (positive on PCBs) was donated by a third party laboratory. After ultrasonic homogenisation, 46 subsamples were transferred to 8 mL amber glass vials, all labelled #12147.

The homogeneity of the subsamples #12147 was checked by determination of the organic chloride content in accordance with UOP779-08 on four stratified randomly selected samples:

| | Organic chloride in mg/kg |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| sample #12147-1 | 7.9 |
| sample #12147-2 | 8.2 |
| sample #12147-3 | 8.9 |
| sample #12147-4 | 8.8 |

Table 1: homogeneity test results of subsample #12147

From the above test results, the repeatability was calculated and compared with 0.3 times the reproducibility of the reference method in agreement with the procedure of ISO 13528, Annex B2 in the next table:

| | #12147 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| r (samples) | 1.0 |
| reference method | UOP779:08 |
| 0.3 x R _(reference method) | 2.1 |

Table 2: evaluation of the observed repeatability

The repeatability of the results of homogeneity test is in good agreement with 0.3 times the reproducibility as required by UOP779:08. Therefore, homogeneity of the samples was assumed. To each of the participating laboratories one vial of 8 mL (labelled #12147) was sent on October 24, 2012.

2.5 STABILITY OF THE SAMPLES

The stability of the oil, packed in the brown glass vials, was checked. The material was found sufficiently stable for the period of the proficiency test.

2.6 ANALYSES

The participants were asked to determine Total Organo halogenic Compounds (TOX) and Poly Chlorinated Biphenyls (via seven individual PCBs, via the determination of the total PCB content and via Aroclors) on the sample.

To get comparable results a detailed report form, on which the units were prescribed as well as some of the required standards and a letter of instructions were prepared and made available for download on the iis website (www.iisnl.com).

A SDS and a form to confirm receipt of the samples were added to the sample package

3 RESULTS

During four weeks after sample despatch, the results of the individual laboratories were gathered. The original results are tabulated per determination in the appendix 1 of this report. The laboratories are presented by their code numbers.

Directly after the deadline the available results were screened for suspect data. A result was called suspect in case the Huber Elimination Rule (a robust outlier test) found it to be an outlier. The laboratories that produced these suspect data were asked to check the results. Additional or corrected data are put under 'Remarks' in the result tables in appendix 1. Results that came in after deadline were not taken into account in the screening for suspect data and thus these participants were not requested for checks.

3.1 STATISTICS

The protocol followed in the organisation of this proficiency test was the one as described for proficiency testing in the report 'iis Interlaboratory Studies: Protocol for the Organisation, Statistics and Evaluation' of January 2010 (iis-protocol, version 3.2).

For the statistical evaluation the *unrounded* (when available) figures were used instead of the rounded results. Results reported as '<...' or '>...' were not used in the statistical evaluation.

First the normality of the distribution of the various data sets per determination was checked by means of the Lilliefors-test. After removal of outliers this check was repeated. In case a data set does not have a normal distribution, the (results of the) statistical evaluation should be used with due care.

In accordance with ISO 5725 (1986 and 1994) the original results per determination were submitted subsequently to Dixon and Grubbs outlier tests. Outliers are marked by D(0.01) for the Dixon test and by D(0.01) for the Grubbs test. Stragglers are marked by D(0.05) for the Dixon test and by D(0.05) or DD(0.05) for the Grubbs test. Both outliers and stragglers were not included in the calculations of the averages and the standard deviations.

For each assigned value the uncertainty was determined in accordance with ISO13528. Subsequently the calculated uncertainty was evaluated against the respective requirement based on the target reproducibility in accordance with ISO13528. When the uncertainty passed the evaluation no remarks are made in the report. However, when the uncertainty failed the evaluation it is mentioned in the report and it will have consequences for the evaluation of the test results.

Finally the reproducibilities were calculated from the standard deviations by multiplying these with a factor of 2.8.

3.2 GRAPHICS

In order to visualise the data against the reproducibilities from literature, Gauss plots were made, using the sorted data for one determination (see appendix 1). On the Y-axis the reported analysis results are plotted. The corresponding laboratory numbers are under the X-axis.

The straight horizontal line presents the consensus value (a trimmed mean). The four striped lines, parallel to the consensus value line, are the +3s, +2s, -2s and -3s target reproducibility limits of the selected standard. Outliers and other data, which were excluded from the calculations, are represented as a cross. Accepted data are represented as a triangle. Furthermore, Kernel Density Graphs were made. This is a method for producing a smooth density approximation to a set of data that avoids some problems associated with histograms (see appendix 3; nos.13 and 14).

3.3 Z-SCORES

To evaluate the performance of the participating laboratories the z-scores were calculated. As it was decided to evaluate the performance of the participants in this proficiency test (PT) against the literature requirements, e.g. ASTM reproducibilities, the z-scores were calculated using a target standard deviation. This results in an evaluation independent of the spread of this interlaboratory study.

The target standard deviation was calculated from the literature reproducibility by division with 2.8. The z-scores were calculated in accordance with:

```
z_{\text{(target)}} = \text{(result - average of PT)} / \text{target standard deviation}
```

When a laboratory did use a test method with a reproducibility that is significantly different from the reproducibility of the reference test method used in this report, it is strongly advised to recalculate the z-score, while using the reproducibility of the actual test method used, this in order to evaluate the fit-for-useness of the reported test result.

Absolute values for z<2 are very common and absolute values for z>3 are very rare. The usual interpretation of z-scores is as follows:

```
|z| < 1 good

1 < |z| < 2 satisfactory

2 < |z| < 3 questionable

3 < |z| unsatisfactory
```

4 **EVALUATION**

In this proficiency test some problems were encountered during execution. In total eleven participants, reported results after the final reporting date. Five participants did not report any results at all. Not all participants were able to report results for all tests. In total 41 participating laboratories reported 204 numerical results. Observed were 10 outlying results, which is 4.9% of the numerical results. In proficiency studies outlier percentages of 3% - 7.5% are quite normal.

4.1 EVALUATION PER TEST

In this section the results are discussed per test. The methods, which are used by the various laboratories, are taken into account for explaining the observed differences when possible and applicable. These methods are also in the tables together with the original data.

The abbreviations, used in these tables, are listed in appendix 3.

A not normal distribution was observed for PCB 101, PCB 180 and Aroclor 1242. The statistical evaluations of these two sets of test results should be used with due care. For the statistical evaluation of the individual PCBs the method EN12766-1:00 was used, this method is equal to IP462-1/01. For the results on sample #12147, the following was concluded:

<u>TOX</u> No significant conclusions were drawn as only four test results were

reported.

Individual PCBs: This determination was problematic for six congeners.

For the evaluation of the individual congeners method EN12766-1:00 / IP462-1/01 was used. In the methods IEC61619:97 and DIN51527:93 only the reproducibilities of the <u>total</u> PCB content are mentioned, while in EN12766-1:00 / IP462-1/01 the reproducibilities for each individual congener are mentioned.

In total seven statistical outliers were observed. The calculated reproducibilities of six congeners are not in agreement with requirements of EN12766-1:00 / IP462-1/01.

All test results (except one) of laboratory 1660 appeared to be statistical outliers. Therefore it was decided not to use any of the test results of this laboratory for the statistical evaluation.

Total PCB:

The determination of total PCB content was very problematic. Two statistical outliers were observed. The calculated reproducibility after rejection of the statistical outliers is not at all in agreement with the requirements of IEC 61619:97.

Several laboratories used IP426 or EN12766 as test method. In method EN12766-2:01 / IP462-2/02 total PCB content is calculated according: PCB_{Total} = $5 * \sum_{(n=6)}$ congeners. The total PCB results of laboratories 1358 and 1551 were excluded prior to the statistical analysis, because the factor five obviously was not applied.

Indiv. Aroclors:

The determination of the individual Aroclors was somewhat problematic. No significant conclusions were drawn for Aroclor 1242 as the reported test results were near or below the detection limit.

No statistical outliers were observed for Aroclor 1254 and Arochlor 1260. However, the calculated reproducibility for each of the Aroclors is not in agreement with the requirements of ASTM D4059:10.

The test results for Aroclor 1254 and Aroclor 1260 reported by laboratory 1463 were excluded because the (equal) tests results were not in agreement with the reported total Aroclor content.

Total Aroclor:

This determination was not problematic. No statistical outliers were observed and the calculated reproducibility is in full agreement with the requirements of ASTMD4059:10.

Summary:

All participants agreed that sample #12147 was positive on PCBs. The assigned value for the – by iis - calculated sums of the 6 PCB congeners 28, 52, 101, 138, 153 and 180 is 3.72 mg/kg. From this sum, a total concentration of 18.6 mg PCB/kg was estimated acc. to EN12766-2:01 / IP462-2/02. (PCB_{Total} = 5 * $\sum_{(n=6)}$ congeners).

For the determination of the total Aroclors an average of 12.7 mg PCB/kg was found.

From the data on total organic chloride (TOX) an average concentration of 12.2 mg/kg was calculated. From this concentration a total content of 21.4 mg PCB/kg was estimated using an average Cl content of 57%, assuming the presence of equal amounts of Aroclor 1260 and Aroclor 1254. This content is somewhat higher than the estimated total PCB content using the other methods.

All estimates for total PCB are given in the next table.

| | #12147 |
|---|--------|
| total PCB content, estimated from 6 congeners, in mg/kg | 18.6 |
| total PCB content, using IEC 61619:97 method, in mg/kg | 15.1 |
| estimated total PCB content using Aroclor method, in mg/kg | 12.7 |
| total PCB content, estimated for TOX homogeneity data, in mg/kg | 21.4 |

Table 3: Comparison of estimations of total PCB content in sample #12147.

The total PCB content as determined by IEC61619:97 is in good agreement with the total PCB content as determined by the Aroclor method. The range of all four above estimates for total PCB content is quite acceptable in view of the required precision.

4.2 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FOR THE GROUP OF LABORATORIES

A comparison has been made between the reproducibility as declared by the relevant standard and the reproducibility as found for the group of participating laboratories. The average results per sample, calculated reproducibilities and reproducibilities, derived from literature standards (in casu IEC, EN, or ASTM standards) are compared in the next table.

| Parameter | unit | n | average | 2.8 * sd | R(lit) |
|---------------|-------|----|---------|----------|---------|
| TOX | mg/kg | 3 | 12.2 | n.a | (10.0) |
| PCB no. 28 | mg/kg | 6 | 0.02 | 0.02 | (-0.10) |
| PCB no. 52 | mg/kg | 20 | 0.37 | 0.25 | 0.16 |
| PCB no. 101 | mg/kg | 20 | 0.95 | 0.92 | 0.46 |
| PCB no. 118 | mg/kg | 16 | 0.47 | 0.37 | 0.22 |
| PCB no. 138 | mg/kg | 20 | 0.97 | 0.70 | 0.47 |
| PCB no. 153 | mg/kg | 20 | 0.88 | 0.48 | 0.42 |
| PCB no. 180 | mg/kg | 20 | 0.53 | 0.39 | 0.24 |
| Total PCB | mg/kg | 19 | 15.1 | 11.1 | 5.77 |
| Aroclor 1242 | mg/kg | 3 | 1.33 | 3.85 | (1.66) |
| Aroclor 1254 | mg/kg | 12 | 7.94 | 7.13 | 6.34 |
| Aroclor 1260 | mg/kg | 12 | 6.02 | 7.00 | 5.15 |
| Total Aroclor | mg/kg | 14 | 12.7 | 7.22 | 9.03 |

table 4: Performance of the group of participating laboratories on sample #12147

Without further statistical calculations it can be concluded that for many components there is a good compliance of the group of participating laboratories with the relevant standards. The problematic components have been discussed in paragraph 4.1.

⁽⁾ Values between brackets should be used with due care, see also paragraph 4.1

4.3 COMPARISON OF THE OCTOBER 2012 PROFICIENCY TEST WITH PREVIOUS PTS.

| | October 2012 | November 2011 | November 2010 | November 2009 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Number of reporting labs | 41 | 38 | 34 | 29 |
| Number of results reported | 204 | 195 | 186 | 329 |
| Statistical outliers | 10 | 4 | 15 | 8 |
| Percentage outliers | 4.9% | 2.0% | 8.1% | 3.6% |

Table 5: comparison with previous proficiency tests

In proficiency tests, outlier percentages of 3% - 7.5% are quite normal.

The performance of the determinations of the subsequent proficiency tests was compared against the requirements of the respective standards. The conclusions are given the following table:

| Determination | October 2012 | November 2011 | November 2010 | November 2009 |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| TOX | n.e. | n.e | n.e. | n.e. |
| PCB (all) | | +/- | - | |
| Aroclor (all) | - | +/- | | +/- |

Table 6: comparison of observed precisions against standard requirements

The performance of the determinations against the requirements of the respective standards is listed in the above table. The following performance categories were used:

++: group performed much better than the standard

+ : group performed better than the standard

+/-: group performance equals the standard

- : group performed worse than the standard

-- : group performed much worse than the standard

n.e.: not evaluated

APPENDIX 1Determination of Total Organohalogenic Compounds (TOX) on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

| lab | method | value | mark | z(targ) | remarks |
|--------------|--------------|--------|------------|---------|---------------------|
| 341 | Helilou | | main | 2(tary) | TOTHWING |
| 343 | | | | | |
| 398 | | | | | |
| 445 | | | | | |
| 498 | | | | | |
| 614 | | | | | |
| 902 | | | | | |
| 1059 | | | | | |
| 1066 | UOP779 | 12 | | | |
| 1072 | 00.770 | | | | |
| 1126 | NEN7424 | 11.9 | | | |
| 1170 | | | | | |
| 1201 | | | | | |
| 1243 | | | | | |
| 1303 | | | | | |
| 1304 | | | | | |
| 1306 | | | | | |
| 1338 | | | | | |
| 1352 | | | | | |
| 1358 | | | | | |
| 1367 | | | | | |
| 1375 | | | | | |
| 1383 | | | | | |
| 1396 | | | | | |
| 1429 | IP510 | 12.7 | | | |
| 1435 | | | | | |
| 1440 | | | | | |
| 1458 | | | | | |
| 1463 | | | | | |
| 1479 | | | | | |
| 1495 | | | | | |
| 1513 | | | | | |
| 1516 | | | | | |
| 1526 | | | | | |
| 1529 | | | | | |
| 1551 | | | | | |
| 1555 1568 | | | | | |
| 1660 | | | | | |
| 1704 | | | | | |
| 1801 | | | | | |
| 1816 | | | | | |
| 1864 | EPA5050/9056 | 73 | C, G(0.01) | | first reported:54.6 |
| 2160 | | | 2, 2(3.31) | | |
| 2237 | | | | | |
| 3195 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | normality | not OK | | | |
| | n | 3 | | | |
| | outliers | 1 | | | |
| | mean (n) | 12.20 | | | |
| | st.dev. (n) | n.a | | | |
| | R(calc.) | n.a | | | |
| | R(UOP779:08) | (9.98) | | | |
| | | | | | |

PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05

Determination of PCB 28, 52 and 101 on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

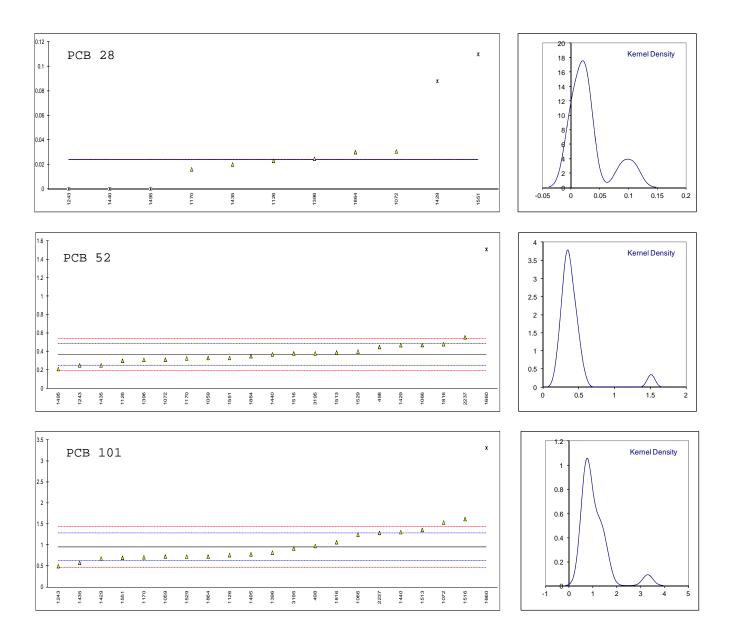
| lab | method | No.28 | mark | z(targ) | No.52 | mark | z(targ) | No.101 | mark | z(targ) | Remarks |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------------|---------|
| 341 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 343 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 398 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 445 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 498 | EN12766B | < 0.30 | | | 0.45 | | 1.46 | 0.98 | | 0.16 | |
| 614 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 902 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1059 | EN12766A | <0.2 | | | 0.33 | | -0.62 | 0.73 | | -1.37 | |
| | EN12766 | <0.2 | | | 0.4708 | | 1.83 | 1.2503 | | 1.82 | |
| | EN61619 | 0.0307 | | | 0.3115 | | -0.94 | 1.5383 | | 3.59 | |
| 1126 | EN12766A | 0.023 | | | 0.299 | | -1.15 | 0.761 | | -1.18 | |
| 1170 | EN12766Mod.B | 0.016 | | | 0.325 | | -0.70 | 0.711 | | -1.49 | |
| 1201 | EN140700D | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1243 | EN12766B | 0 | ex | | 0.25 | | -2.00 | 0.50 | | -2.78 | |
| 1303 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1304 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1306 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1338 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1352 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1358 1367 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1375 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1383 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | IP462B | 0.02460 | | | 0.30959 | | -0.97 | 0.82218 | | -0.80 | |
| 1429 | EN12766B | 0.02400 | DG(0.01) | | 0.470 | | 1.81 | 0.682 | | -1.66 | |
| 1435 | EN12766 | 0.02 | DO(0.01) | | 0.470 | | -2.00 | 0.58 | | -2.29 | |
| 1440 | IEC61619A | 0 | ex | | 0.37 | | 0.08 | 1.31 | | 2.19 | |
| 1458 | | | 5 ,0 | | | | | | | | |
| 1463 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1479 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1495 | EN12766B | 0 | ex | | 0.21 | | -2.70 | 0.78 | | -1.06 | |
| 1513 | IEC61619A | < 0.02 | | | 0.39 | | 0.42 | 1.36 | | 2.50 | |
| 1516 | IEC61619A | <0.1 | | | 0.38 | | 0.25 | 1.62 | С | 4.09 | |
| 1526 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1529 | EN12766 | <0.10 | | | 0.40 | | 0.60 | 0.73 | | -1.37 | |
| 1551 | IP462 | 0.11 | DG(0.01) | | 0.33 | | -0.62 | 0.70 | | -1.55 | |
| 1555 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1568 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1660 | EN12766A | <0.02 | | | 1.51 | G(0.01) | 19.85 | 3.31 | G(0.01) | 14.46 | |
| 1704 | | | W | | | W | | | W | | |
| 1801 | | | | | | | 4.00 | 4.07 | | | |
| 1816 | EN140700A | | | | 0.48 | | 1.98 | 1.07 | | 0.72 | |
| 1864 | EN12766A | 0.03 | | | 0.35 | | -0.27 | 0.73 | | -1.37 | |
| 2160 | EN40766D | | | | 0 | | 2.20 | 4.20 | | 2.07 | |
| 2237 3195 | EN12766B EN12766 | <0.1 <0.1 | | | 0.555 | | 3.29 0.25 | 1.29 0.92 | | 2.07 -0.20 | |
| 3193 | LIN12700 | <0.1 | | | 0.38 | | 0.23 | 0.92 | | -0.20 | |
| | normality | ОК | | | OK | | | not OK | | | |
| | n | 6 | | | 20 | | | 20 | | | |
| | outliers | 2 | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| | mean (n) | 0.024 | | | 0.366 | | | 0.953 | | | |
| | st.dev. (n) | 0.0057 | | | 0.0877 | | | 0.3302 | | | |
| | R(calc.) | 0.016 | | | 0.246 | | | 0.925 | | | |
| | _ ` ′ | (-0.100) | | | 0.161 | | | 0.456 | | | |

C = corrected result, first reported result lab 1516: PCB 101: 1.75 W = withdrawn, first reported results by lab 1704: PCB 28: 0.0130 PCB 52: 0.1104

PCB 101: 0.5824

ex = excluded, zero is not a real value

PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05 page 12 of 25

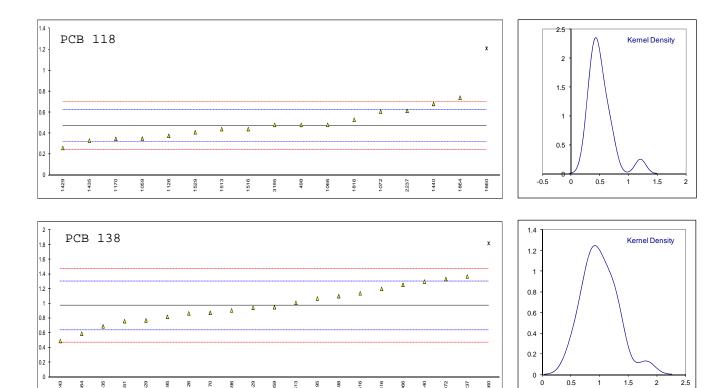


Determination of PCB 118 and 138 on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

| lab | method | No.118 | mark | z(targ) | No.138 | mark | z(targ) | Remarks |
|------|-----------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 341 | | | | | | | | |
| 343 | | | | | | | | |
| 398 | | | | | | | | |
| 445 | | | | | | | | |
| 498 | EN12766B | 0.48 | | 0.09 | 1.10 | | 0.77 | |
| 614 | | | | | | | | |
| 902 | | | | | | | | |
| 1059 | EN12766A | 0.35 | | -1.60 | 0.95 | | -0.13 | |
| | EN12766 | 0.482 | | 0.12 | 1.2562 | | 1.71 | |
| | EN61619 | 0.6079 | | 1.75 | 1.3334 | | 2.17 | |
| | EN12766A | 0.377 | | -1.25 | 0.867 | | -0.63 | |
| 1170 | EN12766Mod.B | 0.347 | | -1.64 | 0.875 | | -0.58 | |
| 1201 | | | | | | | | |
| 1243 | | | | | 0.49 | | -2.90 | |
| 1303 | | | | | | | | |
| 1304 | | | | | | | | |
| 1306 | | | | | | | | |
| 1338 | | | | | | | | |
| 1352 | | | | | | | | |
| 1358 | | | | | | | | |
| 1367 | | | | | | | | |
| 1375 | | | | | | | | |
| 1383 | | | | | | | | |
| | IP462B | | | | 0.90682 | | -0.39 | |
| 1429 | EN12766B | 0.260 | | -2.77 | 0.942 | | -0.18 | |
| 1435 | EN12766 | 0.33 | | -1.86 | 0.69 | | -1.70 | |
| 1440 | IEC61619A | 0.68 | | 2.69 | 1.30 | | 1.97 | |
| 1458 | 120010107 | | | | | | | |
| 1463 | | | | | | | | |
| 1479 | | | | | | | | |
| 1495 | | | | | 0.82 | | -0.91 | |
| 1513 | IEC61619A | 0.44 | С | -0.43 | 1.01 | | 0.23 | |
| 1516 | IEC61619A | 0.44 | O . | -0.43 | 1.14 | | 1.01 | |
| 1526 | 120010107 | | | | | | | |
| 1529 | EN12766 | 0.41 | | -0.82 | 0.77 | | -1.21 | |
| 1551 | 21112700 | | | | 0.76 | | -1.27 | |
| 1555 | | | | | | | | |
| 1568 | | | | | | | | |
| 1660 | EN12766A | 1.21 | G(0.01) | 9.58 | 1.82 | G(0.05) | 5.10 | |
| 1704 | L111270071 | | W | | | W | | |
| 1801 | | | •• | | | •• | | |
| | IEC61619 | 0.53 | | 0.74 | 1.20 | | 1.37 | |
| 1864 | EN12766A | 0.74 | | 3.47 | 0.59 | С | -2.30 | |
| 2160 | 2111210071 | | | | | Ü | | |
| | EN12766B | 0.615 | | 1.84 | 1.37 | | 2.39 | |
| 3195 | EN12766 | 0.48 | | 0.09 | 1.07 | | 0.59 | |
| 3133 | LIV12700 | 0.40 | | 0.03 | 1.07 | | 0.00 | |
| | normality | ОК | | | ОК | | | |
| | n | 16 | | | 20 | | | |
| | outliers | 10 | | | 1 | | | |
| | mean (n) | 0.473 | | | 0.972 | | | |
| | st.dev. (n) | 0.473 | | | 0.2490 | | | |
| | R(calc.) | 0.1337 | | | 0.697 | | | |
| | R(EN12766-1:99) | 0.374 | | | 0.466 | | | |
| | 11(2100-1.00) | 1 3.2 10 | | | 0.400 | | | I |

C = corrected result, first reported result lab 1513: PCB 101: 0.83
C = corrected result, first reported result lab 1864: PCB 138: 0.46
W = withdrawn, first reported results for lab 1704: PCB 118: 0.0735
PCB 138: 1.4379

PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05 page 14 of 25



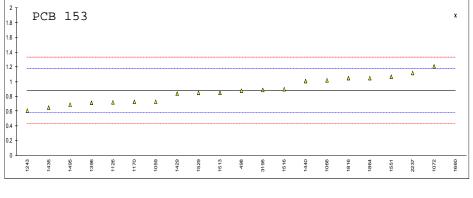
Determination of PCB 153 and 180 on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

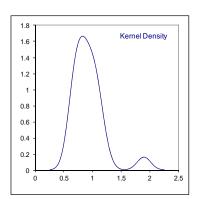
| lab | method | No.153 | mark | z(targ) | No.180 | mark | z(targ) | Remarks |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| 341 | moulou | | mark | _(targ) | | man | <u>-(targ)</u> | Tomano |
| 343 | | | | | | | | |
| 398 | | | | | | | | |
| 445 | | | | | | | | |
| 498 | EN12766B | 0.88 | | 0.00 | 0.51 | | -0.23 | |
| 614 | | | | | | | | |
| 902 | | | | | | | | |
| | EN12766A | 0.73 | | -1.00 | 0.48 | | -0.57 | |
| | EN12766 | 1.0211 | | 0.95 | 0.7041 | | 2.00 | |
| | EN61619 | 1.2099 | | 2.21 | 0.7152 | | 2.13 | |
| | EN12766A | 0.722 | | -1.05 | 0.432 | | -1.12 | |
| 1170 1201 | EN12766Mod.B | 0.729 | | -1.00 | 0.441 | | -1.02 | |
| 1243 | EN12766B | 0.61 | | -1.80 | 0.40 | | -1.49 | |
| 1303 | LIVIZIOOD | 0.01 | | -1.00 | 0.40 | | -1.43 | |
| 1304 | | | | | | | | |
| 1306 | | | | | | | | |
| 1338 | | | | | | | | |
| 1352 | | | | | | | | |
| 1358 | | | | | | | | |
| 1367 | | | | | | | | |
| 1375 | | | | | | | | |
| 1383 | ID 400D | 0.74500 | | 4.00 | | | | |
| 1396 | IP462B | 0.71582 | | -1.09 | 0.45516 | 0 | -0.86 | |
| 1429 1435 | EN12766B EN12766 | 0.841 0.65 | | -0.26 -1.53 | 0.351 | С | -2.05 | |
| 1440 | IEC61619A | 1.01 | | 0.87 | 0.42 0.70 | | -1.26 1.95 | |
| 1458 | ILCOTOTSA | 1.01 | | 0.07 | 0.70 | | 1.93 | |
| 1463 | | | | | | | | |
| 1479 | | | | | | | | |
| 1495 | EN12766B | 0.69 | | -1.26 | 0.36 | | -1.95 | |
| 1513 | IEC61619A | 0.85 | | -0.20 | 0.59 | | 0.69 | |
| 1516 | IEC61619A | 0.90 | | 0.14 | 0.71 | | 2.07 | |
| 1526 | | | | | | | | |
| 1529 | EN12766 | 0.85 | | -0.20 | 0.48 | | -0.57 | |
| 1551 | IP462 | 1.07 | | 1.27 | 0.38 | | -1.72 | |
| 1555 | | | | | | | | |
| 1568 | EN40700A | 4.00 | 0(0.04) | 0.04 | 0.50 | | 0.00 | |
| 1660 1704 | EN12766A | 1.90 | G(0.01) W | 6.81 | 0.59 | ex W | 0.69 | |
| 1801 | | | VV | | | VV | | |
| 1816 | IEC61619 | 1.05 | | 1.14 | 0.71 | | 2.07 | |
| 1864 | EN12766A | 1.05 | | 1.14 | 0.41 | | -1.38 | |
| 2160 | 2.1.12.00.1 | | | | | | | |
| 2237 | EN12766B | 1.12 | | 1.61 | 0.727 | | 2.26 | |
| 3195 | EN12766 | 0.89 | | 0.07 | 0.62 | | 1.04 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | normality | OK | | | not OK | | | |
| | n | 20 | | | 20 | | | |
| | outliers | 1 | | | 0 | | | |
| | mean (n) | 0.879 | | | 0.530 | | | |
| | st.dev. (n) R(calc.) | 0.1717 0.481 | | | 0.1384 0.388 | | | |
| | R(EN12766-1:99) | 0.461 | | | 0.366 | | | |
| | 11(LIN12100-1.99) | 0.418 | | | 0.244 | | | |

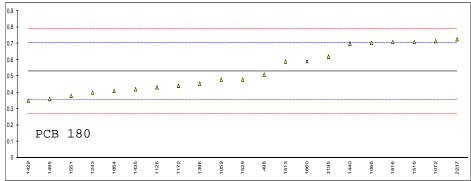
C = corrected result, first reported result lab 1429: PCB 180: 0.267 W = withdrawn, first reported results for lab 1704: PCB 153: 1.1883 PCB 180: 1.0191

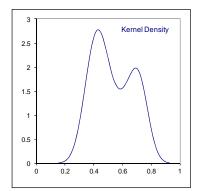
ex = excluded, see §4.1

PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05 page 16 of 25



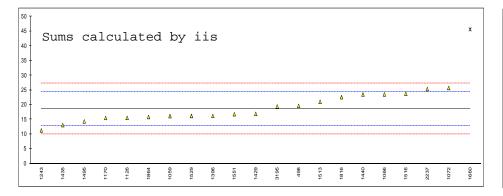


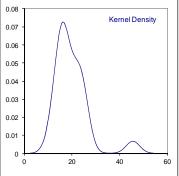




Total PCB by summation of the six congeners on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

| lab | method | sum of 6 | mark | z(targ) | 5 x (sum of 6) | mark | z(targ) | remarks |
|------|-----------------|----------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|---------|
| 341 | | | | | | | | |
| 343 | | | | | | | | |
| 398 | | | | | | | | |
| 445 | | | | | | | | |
| 498 | calc by iis | 3.92 | | | 19.6 | | 0.35 | |
| 614 | | | | | | | | |
| 902 | | | | | | | | |
| 1059 | calc by iis | 3.22 | | | 16.1 | | -0.86 | |
| 1066 | calc by iis | 4.7025 | | | 23.5125 | | 1.71 | |
| 1072 | calc by iis | 5.14 | | | 25.70 | | 2.47 | |
| 1126 | calc by iis | 3.104 | | | 15.52 | | -1.06 | |
| 1170 | calc by iis | 3.097 | | | 15.485 | | -1.08 | |
| 1201 | • | | | | | | | |
| 1243 | calc by iis | 2.25 | | | 11.25 | | -2.55 | |
| 1303 | • | | | | | | | |
| 1304 | | | | | | | | |
| 1306 | | | | | | | | |
| 1338 | | | | | | | | |
| 1352 | | | | | | | | |
| 1358 | | | | | | | | |
| 1367 | | | | | | | | |
| 1375 | | | | | | | | |
| 1383 | | | | | | | | |
| 1396 | calc by iis | 3.23417 | | | 16.17085 | | -0.84 | |
| 1429 | calc by iis | 3.374 | | | 16.87 | | -0.60 | |
| 1435 | calc by iis | 2.61 | | | 13.050 | | -1.92 | |
| 1440 | calc by iis | 4.69 | | | 23.45 | | 1.69 | |
| 1458 | • | | | | | | | |
| 1463 | | | | | | | | |
| 1479 | | | | | | | | |
| 1495 | | 2.86 | | | 14.30 | | -1.49 | |
| 1513 | calc by iis | 4.2 | | | 21.0 | | 0.84 | |
| 1516 | calc by iis | 4.75 | | | 23.75 | | 1.79 | |
| 1526 | • | | | | | | | |
| 1529 | calc by iis | 3.23 | | | 16.15 | | -0.85 | |
| 1551 | calc by iis | 3.35 | | | 16.75 | | -0.64 | |
| 1555 | • | | | | | | | |
| 1568 | | | | | | | | |
| 1660 | calc by iis | 9.13 | G(0.01) | | 45.65 | G(0.01) | 9.39 | |
| 1704 | • | | , | | | ` , | | |
| 1801 | | | | | | | | |
| 1816 | | 4.51 | | | 22.55 | | 1.38 | |
| 1864 | calc by iis | 3.16 | | | 15.80 | | -0.97 | |
| 2160 | | | | | | | | |
| 2237 | calc by iis | 5.062 | | | 25.31 | | 2.33 | |
| 3195 | calc by iis | 3.88 | | | 19.4 | | 0.28 | |
| | | | | | - | | | |
| | normality | not OK | | | not OK | | | |
| | n | 20 | | | 20 | | | |
| | outliers | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| | mean (n) | 3.7172 | | | 18.5859 | | | |
| | st.dev. (n) | 0.85535 | | | 4.27676 | | | |
| | R(calc.) | 2.3950 | | | 11.9749 | | | |
| | R(EN12766-2:01) | n.a | | | 8.0670 | | | |
| | (==.00 =.01) | | | | | | | |

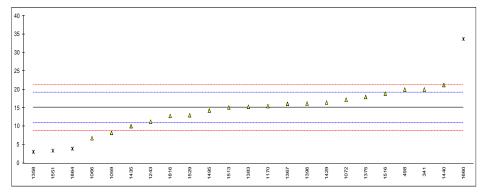


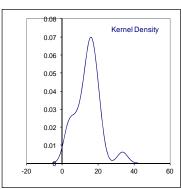


PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05 page 18 of 25

Determination of Total PCB on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

| lab | method | value | mark | z(targ) | remarks |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|----------------------------|
| 341 | IEC61619 | 20 | | 2.40 | |
| 343 | | | | | |
| 398 | | | | | |
| 445 | | | | | |
| 498 | IEC61619B | 19.98 | | 2.39 | |
| 614 | | | | | |
| 902 | =1110=001 | | | | |
| 1059 | EN12766A | 8.2 | | -3.33 | |
| 1066 | IEC61619 | 6.75 | | -4.04 | |
| 1072 1126 | EN61619 | 17.2353 | | 1.06 | |
| 1170 | EN12766B | 15.49 | | 0.21 | |
| 1201 | LIVIZIOOD | 13.43 | | | |
| 1243 | IEC61619B | 11.25 | | -1.85 | |
| 1303 | 120010102 | | | | |
| 1304 | | | | | |
| 1306 | | | | | |
| 1338 | | | | | |
| 1352 | | | | | |
| 1358 | IP462 | 3.037382 | ex | -5.84 | result excluded, see § 4.1 |
| 1367 | IEC61619 | 16.1 | | 0.50 | |
| 1375 | IEC61619 | 17.95 | | 1.40 | |
| 1383 | IP462B | 15.29 | | 0.11 | |
| 1396 | IP462B | 16.17085 16.45 | | 0.54 | |
| 1429 1435 | EN12766B IEC61619 | 10.45 | | 0.67 -2.45 | |
| 1440 | IEC61619A | 21.2 | | 2.98 | |
| 1458 | ILCOTOTA | | | 2.30 | |
| 1463 | | | | | |
| 1479 | | | | | |
| 1495 | IEC61619 | 14.29 | | -0.37 | |
| 1513 | IEC61619A | 15.1 | | 0.02 | |
| 1516 | IEC61619A | 18.88 | | 1.85 | |
| 1526 | | | | | |
| 1529 | EN61619 | 13 | | -1.00 | |
| 1551 | IP426 | 3.36 | ex | -5.68 | result excluded, see § 4.1 |
| 1555 | | | | | |
| 1568 1660 | IEC61619 | 33.72 | G(0.05) | 9.06 | |
| 1704 | ILCOTOTS | | G(0.03) | 3.00 | |
| 1801 | | | | | |
| 1816 | IEC61619 | 12.8 | | -1.10 | |
| 1864 | IEC61619A | 3.9 | G(0.05) | -5.42 | first reported: 3.77 |
| 2160 | | | ` , | | · |
| 2237 | | | | | |
| 3195 | | | | | |
| | 114 | 014 | | | |
| | normality | OK | | | |
| | n outliere | 19 | | | |
| | outliers | 2 15.061 | | | |
| | mean (n) st.dev. (n) | 15.061 3.9753 | | | |
| | R(calc.) | 11.131 | | | |
| | R(IEC61619:97) | 5.765 | | | |
| | | 00 | | | |





PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05 page 19 of 25

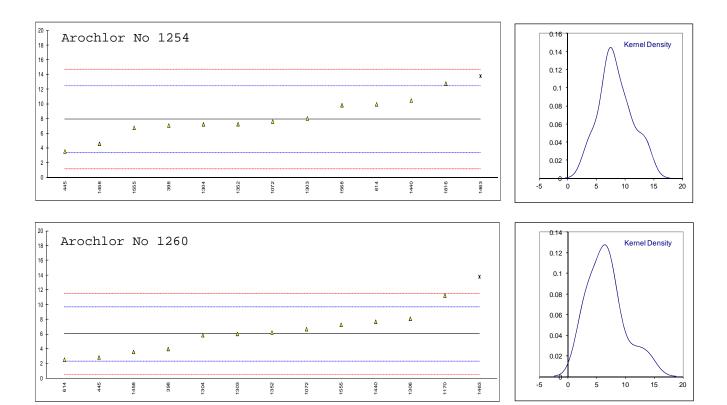
Determination of Aroclor 1242, 1254 and 1260 on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

| lab | method | No. 1242 | mark | z(targ) | No. 1254 | mark | z(targ) | No. 1260 | mark | z(targ) | Remarks |
|--------------|--------------------|----------|--------|---------|----------|--------|---------|----------|--------|---------|---------|
| 341 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 343 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 398 | D4059 | <2 | | | 7.1 | | -0.37 | 4.0 | | -1.10 | |
| 445 | IEC61619 | <2 | | | 3.56 | | -1.94 | 2.85 | | -1.72 | |
| 498 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 614 | D4059 | <2 | | | 9.97 | | 0.89 | 2.55 | | -1.89 | |
| 902 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1059 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1066 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | D4059 | 2.92 | | | 7.63 | | -0.14 | 6.69 | | 0.37 | |
| 1126 | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| 1170 | D4059Mod | | | | | | | 11.25 | С | 2.85 | |
| 1201 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1243 | Co. Donner | | | | | | | | | 0.04 | |
| 1303 | in house | n.d. | | | 8.058 | | 0.05 | 6.041 | | 0.01 | |
| 1304 | INH-127 | 0.55 | | | 7.25 | | -0.31 | 5.87 | | -0.08 | |
| 1306 | | | | | | | | 8.105958 | | 1.14 | |
| 1338 1352 | INH-1767/IEC61619 | 0.524 | | | 7.259 | | -0.30 | 6.246 | | 0.13 | |
| 1358 | INIT-1707/ILCOTOTS | 0.324 | | | 1.239 | | -0.30 | 0.240 | | 0.13 | |
| 1367 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1375 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1383 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1396 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1429 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1435 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1440 | in house | <2 | | | 10.5 | | 1.13 | 7.7 | | 0.92 | |
| 1458 | D4059 | 0 | ex (1) | | 4.6 | | -1.48 | 3.6 | | -1.31 | |
| 1463 | | | | | 13.8 | ex (2) | 2.59 | 13.8 | ex (2) | 4.23 | |
| 1479 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1495 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1513 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1516 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1526 | | | | | | | | <5 | | | |
| 1529 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1551 | | | | | | | | 7.00 | | | |
| 1555 | D 4050 | | | | 6.77 | | -0.52 | 7.29 | | 0.69 | |
| 1568 | D4059 | n.d. | | | 9.840 | | 0.84 | n.d. | | | |
| 1660 1704 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1801 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1816 | | | | | 12.8 | | 2.14 | | | | |
| 1864 | | | | | | | 2.17 | | | | |
| 2160 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2237 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3195 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | normality | not OK | | | OK | | | OK | | | |
| | n | 3 | | | 12 | | | 12 | | | |
| | outliers | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | | |
| | mean (n) | 1.331 | | | 7.945 | | | 6.016 | | | |
| | st.dev. (n) | 1.3759 | | | 2.5472 | | | 2.4989 | | | |
| | R(calc.) | 3.852 | | | 7.132 | | | 6.997 | | | |
| | R(D4059:10) | (1.661) | | | 6.341 | | | 5.147 | | | |

C = corrected result, first reported result lab 1170: Aroclor 1260: 13.98

page 20 of 25 PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05

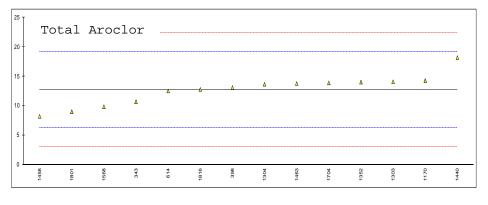
ex (1) = result excluded, zero is not a real value (lab 1458) ex (2) = result excluded, see §4.1 (lab 1463)

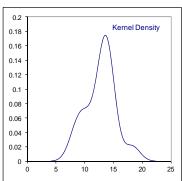


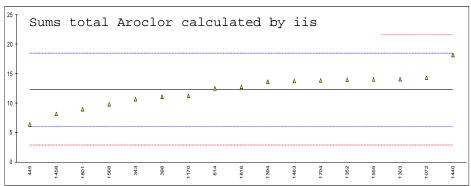
Determination of the Total Aroclor on sample #12147; results in mg/kg.

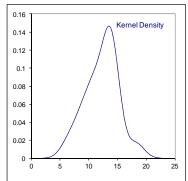
| lab | method | value | mark | z(targ) | calculation by iis | mark | z(targ) | remarks |
|--------------|-------------------------|----------------|------|---------|--------------------|------|-------------|---------|
| 341 | | | | | | | | |
| 343 | EN61619 | 10.7 | | -0.63 | 10.7 | | | |
| 398 | D4059 | 13.1 | | 0.12 | 11.1 | | | |
| 445 | | | | | 6.41 | | | |
| 498 | | | | | | | | |
| 614 | D4059 | 12.52 | | -0.06 | 12.52 | | | |
| 902 | | | | | | | | |
| 1059 | | | | | | | | |
| 1066 | | | | | | | | |
| 1072 | | | | | 17.24 | | | |
| 1126 | | | | | | | | |
| 1170 | D4059Mod. | 14.3 | | 0.49 | 11.25 | | | |
| 1201 | | | | | | | | |
| 1243 | | 44.000 | | | 44.000 | | | |
| 1303 | in house | 14.099 | | 0.43 | 14.099 | | | |
| 1304 | INH-127 | 13.67 | | 0.29 | 13.67 | | | |
| 1306 | | | | | | | | |
| 1338 | D4050 | 44.000 | | 0.40 | 44.000 | | | |
| 1352 | D4059 | 14.029 | | 0.40 | 14.029 | | | |
| 1358 | | | | | | | | |
| 1367 1375 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 1383 1396 | | | | | | | | |
| 1429 | | | | | | | | |
| 1435 | | | | | | | | |
| 1440 | in house | 18.2 | | 1.70 | 18.2 | | | |
| 1458 | D4059 | 8.2 | | -1.40 | 8.2 | | | |
| 1463 | D4059 | 13.8 | | 0.33 | 13.8 | | | |
| 1479 | D 1000 | | | | | | | |
| 1495 | | | | | | | | |
| 1513 | | | | | | | | |
| 1516 | | | | | | | | |
| 1526 | | | | | <5 | | | |
| 1529 | | | | | | | | |
| 1551 | | | | | | | | |
| 1555 | | | | | 14.06 | | | |
| 1568 | D4059 | 9.840 | | -0.89 | 9.84 | | | |
| 1660 | | | | | | | | |
| 1704 | IEC61619 | 13.8922 | | 0.36 | 13.8922 | | | |
| 1801 | IEC61619 | 9.00 | | -1.16 | 9.00 | | | |
| 1816 | IEC61619 | 12.8 | | 0.02 | 12.8 | | | |
| 1864 | | | | | | | | |
| 2160 | | | | | | | | |
| 2237 | | | | | | | | |
| 3195 | | | | | | | | |
| | | OK | | | OV | | | |
| | normality | OK | | | OK | | | |
| | n outliere | 14 | | | 17 | | | |
| | outliers | 0 | | | 0 | | | |
| | mean (n) | 12.725 | | | 12.4006 | | | |
| | st.dev. (n) | 2.5783 | | | 3.05032 | | | |
| | R(calc.) R(D4059:10) | 7.219 9.028 | | | 8.5409 (8.9559) | | | |
| | 11(104008.10) | 3.020 | | | (0.5005) | | | |

PCB in Mineral Oil: iis12L05 page 22 of 25









APPENDIX 2

Number of participating laboratories per country

- 5 labs in AUSTRALIA
- 1 lab in BELGIUM
- 1 lab in CANADA
- 2 labs in FRANCE
- 3 labs in GERMANY
- 1 lab in INDIA
- 1 lab in IRELAND
- 3 labs in ITALY
- 1 lab in MEXICO
- 1 lab in NORWAY
- 2 labs in PORTUGAL
- 2 labs in SLOVENIA
- 1 lab in SOUTH AFRICA
- 8 labs in SPAIN
- 4 labs in THE NETHERLANDS
- 3 labs in TURKEY
- 7 labs in UNITED KINGDOM

APPENDIX 3

Abbreviations:

C = final result after checking of first reported suspect result

D(0.01) = outlier in Dixon's outlier test D(0.05) = straggler in Dixon's outlier test D(0.01) = outlier in Grubbs' outlier test D(0.05) = straggler in Grubbs' outlier test D(0.05) = outlier in Double Grubbs' outlier test D(0.05) = straggler in Double Grubbs' outlier test

ex = excluded from calculations

fr = first reported result (only when corrected result was entered)

n.a. = not applicable

W = withdrawn on request participant
 U = probably reported in wrong unit
 E = probably error in calculations
 SDS = Material Safety Data Sheet

Literature:

- 1 iis Interlaboratory Studies, Protocol for the Organisation, Statistics and Evaluation, January 2010
- 2 prNEN 12766-2:2000.
- 3 ASTM E178-02
- 4 ASTM E1301-03
- 5 ISO 5725-86
- 6 ISO 5725, parts 1-6, 1994
- 7 M. Thompson and R. Wood, J. AOAC Int, <u>76</u>, 926, (1993)
- 8 W.J. Youden and E.H. Steiner, Statistical Manual of the AOAC, (1975)
- 9 IP 367/84
- 10 DIN 38402 T41/42
- 11 P.L. Davies, First reported Z. Anal. Chem, <u>331</u>, 513, (1988)
- 12 J.N. Miller, Analyst, <u>118</u>, 455, (1993)
- 13 Analytical Methods Committee Technical Brief, No4 January 2001
- The Royal Society of Chemistry 2002, Analyst 2002, 127 page1359-1364, P.J. Lowthian and M.

Thompson. (see http://www.rsc.org/suppdata/an/b2/b205600n/)